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OLD SERIES—VOL LXV—NO 3,341 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1900. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVII—NO 900

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Adjutant of Ephriam Weston Post 87, G. A. R.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 27th, 1900.
MR. J. M LAMB,
DEAR SIR:
I have examined the monument that you erected at my mother's grave. We are all well pleased with it in every respect. The color of material is superior to anything that I have seen. The inscription and design are as good as could be desired.
Respectfully yours,
J. W. McNEILL.

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MEMORIAL ADDRESS OF HON. D. H. McLEAN.

Ladies of the Cumberland County Memorial Association, and Fellow Citizens:

This is the second time, by your high command, that I have had the honor of addressing you on an occasion like this. Had I consulted my own convenience, or the demands of business engagements, I should have declined the pleasure of being with you to day; but I remembered that I owed a debt of obligation to the people of Fayetteville and the county of Cumberland, that a life time of feeble effort on my part cannot discharge, and hence I had no right to shrink from any duty that you might impose upon me.

The shortness of the notice, and the pressing obligations of every day life have made it impossible that I could make such preparation for this duty as the refinement and intelligence of my audience, and the importance of my theme require.

I regret that I could weave no garlands of oratorical beauty that would be worthy of you or myself. I regret that I could call no rare and fragrant flowers from the enchanted land of poetry and rhetoric to lay upon the tombs of my dead comrades, who made death beautiful by the sacrifice of their noble lives, that by their death their country might live.

I am glad I am here to participate with you in the solemn observances of this day—this day that has been dedicated, by the hearts of a grateful people, to the memory of those sleeping heroes who rest beneath yonder mound, martyrs to a cause they believed to be a holy cause; a cause for which they were willing to die, but which they could not save. A generation has come and gone since the flag of the Young Confederacy was furled to wave over charging squadrons and conquering legions no more forever.

More than thirty years have passed away since that star which ascended the heavens like a bright, dazzling meteor, representing the new born republic of the South, as it took its proud place among the sisterhood of nations, was extinguished in the gloom of an eternal night—a night that has been followed by no breaking dawn; but the events of those four years that that republic had life are remembered as vividly now, as if yesterday they occurred; and they will remain fresh in our memory, and the memory of our posterity, as long as we are worthy to claim the confederate soldier as our countryman. For, when we forget to do him honor; when we forget to revere the memory of the heroes who sleep around us to day, it will be when we have become unworthy of them, and not when they have become unworthy of us.

To day, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, the people of the South are turning their backs upon the affairs of every day life; are forgetful of the cares of the present, or the aspirations of the future, and are standing, with uncovered heads and tear-dimmed eyes, around the graves of our mighty dead. More mighty now than in life; for, from the depths of their warrior graves, they speak to us of all that is pure of heart and noble of soul; can we not imagine that even now their unseen and impalpable forms are mingling with the vast assemblage of their countrymen; and that their souls are communing with our hearts, while we pay homage at the shrines of living heroism and sleeping valor? We draw from their lives and their death an inspiration that bids us so to live, as that we may be worthy to claim them as countrymen. We meet to day to garland their graves with the bright and fragrant flowers of their own Southland; to bedew their tombs with our tears, thus rendering to our dead heroes the tribute of gratitude and love.

My countrymen, let this beautiful custom be perpetuated; let it not be forgotten or neglected, especially here in the historic town of Fayetteville and in the grand old county of Cumberland, whose history is so full of heroic achievement and romantic adventure; history that makes the old Cape Fear to North Carolina what the beautiful Rhine is to France, or the romantic Bonnie Doone is to Scotland, or the the Jordan is to ancient Israel. Fellow citizens, I have said it before, and I repeat it now, that I verily believe that the last pulsation of the great Confederate heart was among the people of the Cape Fear. 'Twas here that the last hope expired that had nerved the hearts and strengthened the arms of our people for four long years of blood and carnage; four years of matchless heroism, struggling against odds which would have appalled any heart that did not pulsate in a freeman's breast.

The people of the Cape Fear opposed secession, when the question was first agitated, with all their might; in the election for Governor in 1860 the secession candidate was defeated by an overwhelming majority!

They did not oppose it, because they doubted the right of secession; but because they insisted that it was not the proper remedy for their political wrongs: they had been taught that the right of a State to withdraw from the confederation that made the Union whenever in its opinion it would be to its advantage so to do, was a right that was reserved to each State, as that right had not been expressly ceded to the federal government. They believed that they could maintain their right inside of the Union, and under the old flag.

They knew that southern statesmanship had fashioned this mighty republic; they knew that southern valor had established it among the nations of the earth, and hence they believed that the Union of Washington, and the Constitution of Jefferson would be a sufficient guarantee of all their civil and political rights. But when the issue of battle was made, when the fiat of coercion had been issued, then with a devotion that knew no abatement, with a courage that knew no fear, they with one heart and one mind pledged to the southern cause their lives, their fortunes, and their most sacred honor.

When the call to arms was first heard in the land, they gathered themselves together as the winds are gathered when forests are rended—they gathered themselves together as the waters are gathered when navies are stranded, and with an enthusiasm as irresistible as an Alpine avalanche, they rushed to the rescue of the stars and bars, and they followed the fortunes of the banner of the South, from Bethel to Appomattox, with a fortitude that made no complaint, and with a constancy that never faltered or grew weary. In the front rank everywhere, the Cape Fear region, as did all North Carolina, gave to the southern cause the flower of her manhood, poured out upon the altar of southern independence, a libation of her most precious blood as freely as did the Spartan mother give to Greece the jewels of her heart. The Confederate soldier did not wait to discuss the constitutional questions involved in that war—

"His was not the reason why.
His was to nobly do and die."

His State called him, and he went, he obeyed her lawful call, and thereby fulfilled the duty of a loyal son.

In the pass of Thermopylæ a monument stands to commemorate the heroism of Leonidas and his three hundred faithful Greeks, who stood like a flame of consuming fire between the countless hordes of Persia, and the sacred altars of Spartan liberty, and on that stone is inscribed these words: "Stranger, go tell the Lacedemonians that we lie here in obedience to their law." So our Southern heroes fill their warrior graves today in obedience to law, and in defence of human liberty, and as the Confederate soldier was willing to die for the honor and glory of his southern home, so we who survive him should be willing to live for her honor and her glory.

Some of us remember the South as she was thirty years ago, when war swept and battle scarred she stood amidst her smoking ruins, her dismantled altars and her ruined homes—the flower of her manhood gone, the angel of mourning sitting around every hearthstone, the wealth of two centuries swept away, beating upon her scarred and bleeding breast like Hecuba of old, mourning for her sons.

What language can describe her desolation, what tongue can syllable her woe—all, all gone save honor and hope. The invading armies of the north that swept through the south like devouring demons, left nothing in their wake except a united and heroic people. They could well have boasted like Attilla the Hun, that the grass could not grow where their horses had trod. See her now, see that wasted stricken land today. She has emerged from her baptism of fire, and is reclothed in the beauty of her power. Her altars are rebuilt, the fires in her furnaces rekindled, her fields abloom with verdure, the doors of her temples of religion and learning open, all tell of a new life engrafted upon the old; and above all this a new generation of brave men and women as pure as gold and as beautiful as the morning, upon whose strong arms and loyal hearts their country can confidingly lean, when the last of the old Confederates has answered to the heavenly roll-call beyond the stars.

Is not this glorious land of ours worth living for now, as she was worth dying for in the past? To stimulate the youth of the land to live such lives as will make them worthy of their ancestry, we should keep them ever in mind of the glorious achievements, the purity of heart, the lofty patriotism of the matchless men who wore the gray and made the Confederate soldier illustrious in every land, and in every clime.

We may build to the memory of our dead heroes monuments whose pinnacles will pierce the sky, we may erect princely mausloeums whose walls reflect back the rays of the sun, we may engrave their names on tablets of brass, but all these will yield to the corroding hand of time, and crumble into dust.

If we would make the fame of the Confederate soldier immortal, the story of his valor must be committed to the unyielding embraces of history—written history in which immortality alone can be preserved.

The fame of the heroes of the early history of the world would have perished ages ago except for the Jewish literature, whose imperishable volumes have embalmed the memory of those heaven appointed men who led and taught their people from the dawn of creation to the rising sun of the Christian era. The tables of stone, upon which Jehovah engraved the decalogue, and handed to Israel's mighty leader, midst the thunderings and lightnings of Sinai's awful mount, have mingled with the dust of the desert, while the books of Moses are read by all Christendom to-day, books which tell of Israel's trials and triumphs, her virtues and her sins, and their ultimate entrance into the land which Caleb, the son of Jephunneh, had explored, and where the ashes of his ancestors slept.

The temple that stood on Mars Hill at Athens has been mingled with the dust of ceuturies; while the words of the great Apostle live to-day, with which he hurled his anathemas at the pagan religion of Greece.

Fellow citizens, we are on the verge of an era of education in North Carolina; an era upon whose wings will come deliverance from the thraldom of illiteracy in our State; an era that will bring with it such intellectual culture as will fit our boys and girls of the State without regard to wealth or cost for the highest positions of honor and destinction within the power of the State to confer. This culture will come to all alike, for no government is safe where the body is fed, and the mind compelled to perish; no party is fit to rule that denies the offspring of the poor man the inestimable benefits of education—that education that is so essential to true citizenship. Let us then throw wide open the doors of our temples of learning, and write upon their lintels, Ho, every one that thirsteth for the water of intellectual and moral life, come to the fountain and freely drink, without money and without price.

Fellow-citizens, when that time comes, North Carolina will have a literature of her own—a history of her own—a history written by North Carolina authors, inspired by North Carolina hearts, and traced by an impartial and loyal North Carolina hand. In that history will be written the true story of our dear old State. It will tell the world that it was upon North Carolina's shining shores that the flag of civilization was first unfurled in the Western Hemisphere; it will tell the astonished world that the first child of Anglo-Saxon blood born on the American continent, was born on North Carolina soil, it will tell the true story of little Virginia Dare, the romance of her life, the mystery of her death; it will tell of her grave over which no requiem has ever been sung, save the thunder of the surf, and the booming of the breaking billows, that lock in their unyielding embraces the mystery of her fate.

It will tell that North Carolina was the birth-place of American civil liberty, for was it not our fathers who first decreed "that these colonies are, and, of right, ought to be free." It will tell of the soldiers (God bless them forever) who went forth from the bosom of the old North State to drive the invaders from her sacred soil.

It will tell that she gave more soldiers to the Southern cause than she had voters at the ballot box; it will tell that she was first at Bethel and the last at Appomattox; it will tell that she gave the first blood to the Southern cause, and fired the last shot the day the Confederacy died; it will tell that, at the great battle of Gettysburg, North Carolina troops penetrated further into the enemy's lines than the troops of any other State; that the 26th North Carolina lost 88 5 10 per cent. of the men who went into that battle; a mortality greater than that of any regiment, either Northern or Southern, in that war, or any other war of ancient or modern times; it will tell that that star, on our National ensign that represents the Old North State, beams with as bright a lustre as any of the shining galaxy, because it represents a people brave, honest and true; a people who love God and love their fellowman; a people who never spared their blood when their country demanded it, and who are still willing to die for the cause of liberty and human freedom.

Fellow soldiers, we stood together for North Carolina when the red hand of War was at her throat: Can we not stand together now when the Angel of Peace has stretched out her white wings over her head like a heavenly benediction, and we hear in the rippling of her waters, in the sighing of her trees, in the song of her birds, in the fragrance of her flowers, in the voice of all Nature, the assurance that the Lord hath spoken good concerning this North Carolina Israel.

Fellow soldiers, let us stand together now in the evening of our lives as we did in the full flush of the morning. The ties of the camp and field, which had their beginning and growth midst the privations of the one and the perils of the other, are too sacred to be broken. The man, whoever he be, who, for selfish motive or ambition, would sow the seeds of discord, strife and jealousy among the heroes of the lost cause, is an enemy to God, to his country and his fellow man. Let us strive together to leave to our children the priceless heritage of liberty, and a good, clean, honest government---a government in which the voice of the demagogue is not heard nor the hand of the political shyster is not allowed to enter.

Let us take an interest in each other's affairs, political, social and religious; let us meet each other in our Confederate camps as often as possible, that we may know each other's needs, and that we may bind up the wounds of a comrade, staunch his tears with words of comfort, and cheer his heart with assurances of sympathy. The lengthening shadows, comrades, remind us that the sun is almost set: May it go down upon us all with our lamps trimmed and burning, that we may stand with Lee and Jackson, with Stuart and Pender and all the armies of the Confederacy among the reunited in heaven.

Ladies of the Memorial Association, in the name of my dead and living comrades, I thank you for your work of patriotism and love. When the smoke of battle had cleared away, your loving hands gathered his ashes up and buried them here—here in the sunny bosom of his own native State; here in his North Carolina home---that home for which he sighed as the ashy paleness and the terrible beauty of death gathered upon his noble brow.

You have done a noble work; and today a monument is being erected to your honor, built by the manhood of the State as a tribute to North Carolina.

Noble women, you have said to the dead soldiers of the State as they lay in their distant graves:

"Sons of the dark and bloody ground,
Ye shall not slumber there:
Where stranger steps and voice resound
Along the listless air.
Your own proud land's heroic soil
Shall be your fitter grave;
She claims from war its richest spoil,
The ashes of her brave.

Thus 'neath their native turf they rest
Far from the gory field,
Borne to a Spartan mother's breast
On many a bloody shield.
The sunshine of their native skies
Shines sadly on them here,
While kindred hearts and eyes keep watch
O'er the hero's sepulchre.

Rest on embalmed and sainted dead
Dear as the blood ye gave;
No impious footsteps here shall tread
The herbage of your grave.
Nor shall your glory be forgot
While fame her record keeps
Or honor points the hallowed spot
Where valor proudly sleeps.

Yon marble, minstrels' voiceless stone,
In deathless song shall tell,
When many a vanished year hath flown,
The story how ye fell:
Nor wreck, nor change, nor wintry blight,
Nor time's remorseless doom,
Shall dim one ray of holy light
That gilds your glorious tomb."

Old Maids are Invaluable—In Great Emergencies They are Worth Their Weight in Gold

"I like the term 'old maid,'" writes Margaret E. Sangster in the May Ladies' Home Journal. "A spinster means any unmarried woman; a girl may be a spinster. An old maid is well—just that. She may have her little ways and thankful she may be that no one is privileged to interfere with them. If she keep house, as many an old maid does in these days of independence, it is very daintily done, with an exquisite finish and neatness surpassed by none of her sisters. Probably the lady has plenty of people to stay with her—nieces to chaperon, nephews to champion, invalid relations to coddle—all sorts of people to counsel and comfort. In society she is simply invaluable. As an unatatched person who at an emergency may be called upon in the family by any one in need, brother or sister, father or mother, to take the helm, she is simply worth her weight in gold."

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An Offer Proving Faith to Sufferers.

Is your Blood Pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your Blood at once with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. is different from other remedies because B. B. B. drains the Poison and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores at $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Write today, Describe trouble and free medical advice given

1900
THE SUMMER TERM

Of the University of North Carolina Begins Tuesday, June 12th, and Continues Twelve Weeks.

THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Begins Tuesday, June 12th, and Continues Four Weeks.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The University of North Carolina will hold this year, for the first time in its history, a Summer Term and offer to students Twenty Full Courses of regular University instruction. This is a decided step forward in the interest of those seeking higher education and puts the University within easy reach of its patrons at all times of the year. The purpose of this new departure is to provide graduate and undergraduate instruction in a wide range of subjects for those who, for various reasons, do not wish to remain unemployed intellectually during the long summer months. In this way the buildings, library, laboratories, in fact, the whole University plant, will not lie idle from May to September, but will be in use by those who can attend a higher institution only during the summer.

It is believed that the summer term will be of very great value and convenience to the following:

1. Such persons as wish to attend the University but can do so only during the summer.

2. Teachers in High Schools, Academies and Colleges who wish either to broaden and deepen their knowledge, or who wish to do advanced work in special subjects.

3. Many students who wish to pursue their studies during the summer and thus hasten their graduation.

COURSES LEADING TO DEGREES.

The courses offered at the Summer Term are so arranged that each will equal in value either one half year's work, or a whole year's work of the regular University class. For instance, the Fall Term of Freshman Latin, which recites four times a week, may be accomplished during the Summer Term by five recitations a week.

COURSES OFFERED.

Latin 3, Greek 2, Mathematics 2, Modern Languages 3, English Literature 2, Chemistry 3, History 2, Pedagogy 2, Psychology 1.

Each student must take at least fifteen hours a week, and when he has passed a satisfactory examination, the work done will be of equal value in counting for a degree with that done in the corresponding Fall and Spring terms of the University year.

The requirements applying to entrance at the beginning of the Fall and Spring Terms will apply to entrance at the Summer Term.

Those coming from other institutions will receive credit for work done there. Scholarships are not available for the Summer Term, and yet the authorities will endeavor to act as generously as possible towards young men struggling to secure higher education.

The summer term begins June 12, 1900, and continues twelve weeks.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, $20; Registration, $5.

A larger circular containing full information as to the different courses will be ready by May 1. Write for a copy.

THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS.

Session Begins Tuesday, June 12, 1900, and Continues Four Weeks.

The University Summer School for Teachers, profiting by its phenomenal success since its establishment six years ago, will endeavor this year to be in the strictest sense of the word

A SCHOOL OF METHODS,

meeting every want of teachers in both public and private schools. Constant effort will be made to present more practical work than ever. All grades of work from the first grades to advanced classes in the High Schools and Academies will be presented by a corps of carefully selected experts.

A SPECIAL ATTRACTION.

Members of the Summer School, during the four weeks that it is in session, may attend,

FREE OF CHARGE

any of the Summer Term classes,—thus in addition to the regular work of the Summer School they will enjoy opportunity for University instruction, opportunities rarely enjoyed by those attending the usual Summer School. In this way the Summer School will be materially strengthened and its work made much more effective.

The corps of instructors will present the best educational methods employed in the public school systems of the State, several leading Normal Schools of the South, and the University of North Carolina.

THE SCIENCE DEPARTMENT.

Encouraged by the very enthusiastic science classes of last year, the management is glad to announce that this department will be not only maintained but materially strengthed. Prof. Hammel, of the Maryland Normal College, will again be with us to give courses in elementary and advanced Sloyd and Physics. The advanced course in Physics will apply to electricity and be very valuable and attractive to those who were in last year's elementary classes. Full outlines of his several courses will appear in the second circular soon to be issued.

ALL THE RESOURCES OF THE UNIVERSITY,

books, apparatus, buildings, recitation rooms and laboratories will be at the service of the students of the Summer School, and in addition to these advantages teachers will also have

FREE USE OF THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

containg 30,000 volumes and affording unusual facilities for private reading and study.

There will be frequent public lectures by eminent persons on subjects of public and professional interest which will be free to members of the Summer School.

Cheap board may be had at hotels and private houses.

Registration and tuition fees amount to $6 00. Reduced rates will be granted by all railroads. A large circular containing a full account of the courses of study will be ready by May 1. Write for a copy. Address,

PRESIDENT EDWIN A. ALDERMAN, or
PROF. M. C. S. NOBLE,
Superintendent Summer School,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Aycock's Style.

Trojan's Notion.

Aycock seems to be impressing his hearers by his style of oratory. Maj. Hale, in the Fayetteville Observer, says of him:

"So far as this writer is concerned, leaving out of consideration Vance and Ransom, he never heard so good a speech at a State convention as that delivered by Mr. Aycock the other day in Raleigh. It was, altogether, a remarkable effort. It was free from the flowery style which so commonly passes for eloquence. It was simple, compact and well constructed, elegant, eloquent and sometimes pathetic."

The point that strikes us specially is that he is not given to the "flowery style." This makes us glad. Men who have an idea that they can't make an effective speech or preach an acceptable sermon without sailing 'round the little stars and up about the moon should note the Observer's commendation of Mr. Aycock's style. Simplicity, compactness and proper putting together will make any discourse—speech or sermon—elegant and eloquent in the true sense. And the public man who has not learned this lesson is really not yet on speaking terms with the English language.

The County Board of Elections.

As the County Board of Elections, Messrs. J. B. Smith, Geo. W. Holmes and J. A. McArthur, met in this city Saturday to make arrangements for the coming election, it will not be amiss to give the section of the election laws of 1899, under which it acts:

Sec. 7. That it shall be the duty of the county board of elections in each county to appoint all registrars and judges of election in their respective counties.

Sec. 8. That the state board of elections shall have power to remove from office any member of the county board of elections for incompetency, failure of duty or for any other satisfactory cause. When any member of the county board of elections shall be removed by the state board of elections the vacancy thus created shall be filled by the state board of elections. Vacancies occurring in the county board of elections for other causes than removal by the state board of elections shall be filled by the remaining members thereof.

Sec. 8. That the county board of elections shall have power to remove any registrar or judge of election appointed by them for incompetency, failure to qualify within the time prescribed by law, failure to discharge the duties of office after qualifying, or for any other satisfactory cause.

Sec. 10. That it shall be the duty of the county board of elections to meet in their respective counties not later than the first Monday in May, in the year our Lord ninteen hundred, and biennially thereafter, and after organizing by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary, to divide their respective counties into election precincts and fix the places of polling in the several election precincts. They may adopt the present division of their county into election precincts, or they may establish entirely new precincts or they may alter the present precincts, but the election precincts and precinct polling places as now fixed in each county shall remain as they now are until altered. And in case of any alteration of the election precincts or polling places therein they shall give twenty days' notice thereof in some public journal or in lieu thereof in three public places in such county and at the court house door. And the said county board of elections shall have power from time to time, after dividing their county into election precincts, to establish, alter, discontinue or create such new precincts of election in their respective counties as they may deem expedient, giving twenty days' notice thereof by advertising in some public journal or in lieu thereof in three places in such county and at the court house door. If any polling place is changed in any precinct, like advertisement of such change shall be given; and there shall be at least one polling place in every township, as as nearly central as possible.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

Be Careful

No woman can be too careful of her condition during the period before her little ones are born. Neglect or improper treatment then endangers her life and that of the child. It lies with her whether she shall suffer unnecessarily, or whether the ordeal shall be made comparatively easy. She had better do nothing than do something wrong.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

is the one and the only preparation that is safe to use. It is a liniment that penetrates from the outside. External applications are eternally right. Internal medicines are radically wrong. They are more than humbugs—they endanger life.

Mother's Friend helps the muscles to relax and expand naturally—relieves morning sickness—removes the cause of nervousness and headache—prevents hard and rising breasts—shortens labor and lessens the pains—and helps the patient to rapid recovery.

From a letter by a Shreveport, La., woman: "I have been using your wonderful remedy, Mother's Friend, for the last two months, and find it just as recommended."

Druggists sell it at $1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Send for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

MEMORIAL FLOWERS.

The following beautiful poem, from the "Land We Love," is from the graceful pen of Mrs. Fanny Downing, and is eminently appropriate to this "Memorial Day,"—the 10th of May.

The Lord of light, who rules the hours,
Has scattered through our sunny land
Mementoes of His love in flowers,
With lavish hand.

This month they bloom in beauty rare,
And more than wonted sweets display,
As conscious of the part they bear,
The Tenth of May.

On which the South in plaintive tone
Of pride and sorrow mixed with bliss,
Speaks: "As a nation I can own
No day but this!"

I give on it, my glorious dead
The tribute they have earned so well,
And with each bud and blossom shed
A mystic spell.

I lay the Laurel wreath above
The Cedar with its sacred ties
And place them with a mother's love
Where Jackson lies.

The Lily in its loveliness,
Pure as the streams where it awoke,
And spotless as his Bishop's dress
I give to Polk.

To Albert Sidney Johnson, Moss,
And Rosemary and Balm; to these
Entwined in a simple Cross,
I add Heartsease.

The Fleur-de-Lis, in song and lay
The emblem of true knighthood's pride,
I place commixed with Jessamine spray,
By Ashby's side.

Fresh Morning-Glory buds I twine
With scarlet Woodbine laid beneath;
And mingle with them Eglatine,
For Pelham's wreath.

The Honeysuckle's rosy drift,
Whence fragrance dripping dews distil,
I offer as the proper gift,
For Ambrose Hill.

O'er Pender's pure and sacred dust
Let Bleeding Hearts and Bays be swept;
He well deserved his country's trust
So nobly kept!

Let Ramseur's native pines drop down
Their leaves and ordorous gums, displayed
To form with ivy-flowers a crown,
Where he lies laid.

While Orange blossoms fall like snow
To fill the air with fragrance ripe,
And form for Maxcy Gregg, below,
The truest type

Where Doles and Bartow rest in death,
Strew Hyacynths and Mignonette,
And scatter with its balmy breath
The Violet.

The fairest of the radiant dyes,
Which paint in living gems her sward,
The Land of Flowers well supplies
To honor Ward.

The grand Magnolia's blossoms fall,
Mingling with Fern their snowy loads,
And form a freshly fragrant pall
To cover Rodes.

Let Stars of Bethlehem gleaming lie,
As pure as Barksdale's soul, which soars
While he exclaims: "I GLADLY DIE
IN SUCH A CAUSE!"

Granbury rests in dreamless sleep
And heaped upon his grave's green sod,
I let the Crimson Cactus creep
Round Golden Rod.

To Zollicoffer, who went first,
To plead my cause at Heaven's bar,
The Am'ranth's buds to glory burst,
Fit emblems are.

For Morgan let the wild wood Grape
Afford a dewy diadem,
And with its drooping tendrils drape
The Buck eye's stem!

Missouri from the fertile fields
Washed by her giant river's wave.
The gorgeous Rhododendron yields
McCulloch's grave.

Around the stone with Cleburne's name,
Wreathe Daisies and Golden Bell;
And Trumpet flowers with hearts of flame,
And Asphodel.

For him who made all hearts his own,
The sweetest Rose of love shall bloom,
In buds of blushing beauty strown
On Stuart's tomb.

Each nameless nook and scattered spot,
Which hides my children from my view,
I mark with the Forget-me-not,
In Heaven's own blue.

Of all the varied vernal race
I give my cherished dead a part,
Except the Cypress; that I place
Upon MY heart.

The Amendment.

E. C. Beddingfield.

There is only one object that is desired to be obtained by this amendment, and that is to cut off a portion of the ignorant negro vote and prevent a recurrence of such events as transpired during the last campaign. If I did not believe this was best for the colored race as well as my own I would oppose it, but I am fully convinced that it is best for all that it be made impossible for vicious colored men ever again to dominate Eastern North Carolina. Those who were there during the last campaign know that our people stood on the brink of a racial riot which seemed at times unavoidable, and if it had come would have been bad enough for the white race and awful in its consequences to the poor deluded negroes. Such a condition must never again occur. We have the race problem to solve. We must face it. The responsibility is upon us. The adoption of the amendment will solve it and will settle the whole question quietly, peaceably and without one drop of bloodshed. It will be a spur to the coming generations, both white and colored, to secure an education, to improve their minds and to fit themselves for citizenship. It will be a blessing to the whole people and its beneficent effects will be at once perceptible. Life and property will be safe, capital will seek investment, good government will be assured and a better feeling between the races fostered.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Consumption

is robbed of its terrors by the fact that the best medical authorities state that it is a curable disease; and one of the happy things about it is, that its victims rarely ever lose hope.

You know there are all sorts of secret nostrums advertised to cure consumption. Some make absurd claims. We only say that if taken in time and the laws of health are properly observed,

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will heal the inflammation of the throat and lungs and nourish and strengthen the body so that it can throw off the disease.

We have thousands of testimonials where people claim they have been permanently cured of this malady.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

News of Interest.

At the Montgomery race problem conference yesterday proceedings were begun by Colonel A. M. Waddell in an address in which he denounced the enfranchisement of the negro and advocated repeal of the fifteenth amendment to the federal constitution.

The annual report of the American Tobacco Company shows net earnings of $5,202,384.

The Republican State convention of Illinois nominated Richard Yates for Governor after an exciting contest.

Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, was at the War Department in Washington yesterday and had a long conference with Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn.

Estimates of appropriations for the new officers of the government of Hawaii include $5,000 for the governor, $3 000 for the secretary, $5,500 for the chief justice and $10,000 for two associate justices.

The House of Representatives, by a very narrow margin of two votes, unseated Mr. Crawford, of North Carolina, Democrat, and seated in his place Mr. Pearson, of North Carolina, who was a member of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses. Mr. Pearson is the third Republican to be seated by the present House.

The Populist National Convention at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, yesterday nominated Mr. W. J. Bryan for President and the Hon. Mr. Towne for Vice-President.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. a bottle at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says, "I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure.

King Bros.

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Attorney and Counsellor,
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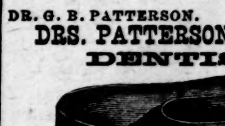
A member of the firm will always be found at office during office hours. Office hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

B. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D. D.



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DENTISTS,
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April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS.
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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..............MAY 17, 1900

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor, CHARLES B. AYCOCK, of Wayne county.

For Lieutenant-Governor, W. D. TURNER, of Iredell.

For Secretary of State, J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction, GENERAL T. F. TOON, of Robeson.

For Treasurer, B. R. LACY, of Wake.

For Auditor, DR. B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland.

For Attorney-General, ROBERT D. GILMER, of Haywood.

For Commissioner of Agriculture, SAMUEL F. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Commissioner of Labor and Printing, H. B. VARNER, of Davidson.

For Chairman of Corporation Commission, FRANKLIN McNEILL, of New Hanover.

For Member Corporation Commission, SAMUEL L. ROGERS.

For Judge of Tenth District, W. B. COUNCIL, of Watauga.

Gov. Jarvis for President of U. N. C.

Williamston, N. C., May 14, 1900.

To the Editor: The friends of the University desire to have Governor Jarvis succeed Dr. Alderman as President of the University. There is no man in the State, by experience and qualification, so well adapted to the varied requirements of this exalted position. He possesses as the people know without any formal recommendation, or credentials, a high order of executive, administrative and constructive talent. When Governor, the University was his hobby and idol, and he has always proved, "in season and out of season," a strong friend and champion. The trustees of those days and the public know that he did a great deal to rebuild, enlarge, re-establish and give to the University its present commanding influence. He has always acted, in office, as a private citizen and Christian gentleman, in union and concert with the prominent educators of this State, and has always commanded their respect and confidence. They have always valued his service in behalf of education, sought his timely and wise counsel, and valuable assistance in developing, advancing and administering the educational interest of the State. He is an acknowledged wise counsellor in matters of State, church, law, education, finance and business. His opinion and directions always bear the stamp of simple faith, wisdom and honesty. Occupying as he does the unique position of having under his administration of the affairs of State, greatly aided in giving a great impetus to the common schools, the Normal and Industrial for both races, and being the genuine, zealous, and sincere friend of education as he is universally acknowledged to be, and at the same time in touch, as his liberal character and wisdom make him, with the scope and aims and purposes of Wake Forest, Trinity, Davidson and other educational institutions, he can better than any other living North Carolinian harmonize the educational work of all, and, without injury to any denomination, or interferring with their educational domain, make them one. He can, by his superb, political, Christian and educational diplomacy, work in harmony for the cause of education, and make all institutions, with increased influence, as the friends and supporters of the University, in which church and State would feel a commendable pride. Governor Jarvis enjoys an enviable reputation and acquaintance throughout the State and nation and, by varied and ripe experience, would command through his personality and reputation a largely increased patronage. His knowledge of men and political experience, especially equip him and render him valuable in securing the necessary public appropriations and private donations necessary to make the University what it should be, such a commanding institution that its President would not think it a personal betterment or educational promotion to accept a position with any other similar institution in the Union. Other States have promoted their ex-Governors and distinguished citizens to the position of President of their Universities. We have done so in days gone by in the case of Governor Swain. Let us do so again, and thereby draw to the University, and save to the boys of the State, what of character and influence our great statesmen have acquired and retained after years of conflict. Governor Jarvis' experience as a poor boy struggling for an education, as a legislator, as a creator of organic laws, as Governor of his people, as a promoter of common and higher education, as a representative of his country abroad, and as a United States Senator belong to the youth of the land. We can substantially give it to them by making him the chief executive of the highest Educational institution of the State.

WILSON G. LAMB.

Major Stedman's Address.

Raleigh Post.

Maj. Charles M. Stedman delivered the address at Greensboro on Memorial Day, his subject being "General William MacRae and the Battle of Reams's Station." Of this address and the orator the Greensboro Record well says:

"It is with pleasure that we present the memorial address of Maj. Chas. M. Stedman. There is no man in North Carolina who more happily combines eloquence with chaste and ornate language than Maj. Stedman. The Southern people are to be congratulated that there yet remain among them, here and there, men, who, like Maj. Stedman, can so happily tell of the events in which they bore a part, and fitly pay tribute, to the illustrious dead."

Littleton Female College Commencement Programme.

Elocution Recital, Tuesday evening May 29th.

Annual Sermon, Wednesday morning, May 30th. Rev. Dr. W. W. Bays.

Art Exhibit, Wednesday.

Anniversary Address before the Missionary Society, Wednesday evening, Rev. R. F. Bumpas.

Graduation Exercises, Thursday morning, May 31st.

Literary Address, Thursday, noon, Dr. S. A. Steele.

Annual Concert, Thursday evening.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., May 14, 1900.

The administration programme of hushing up the scandal connected with the embezzlement of a large sum of money from the Cuban Postal receipts by C. F. W. Neeley, who has been Chief Financial Agent of the Cuban Postal System, and others, will be combated by the democrats in Congress, who regard the present as an excellent time for a thorough investigation of all Cuban receipts and expenditures. Senator Bacon says he waited nearly a week to give the republicans an opportunity to propose an investigation before offering his resolution instructing the Senate Committee on relations with Cuba to investigate receipts from all sources since the occupation of Cuba by our troops, and expenditures for all purposes during that period, and report to the Senate at the earliest possible date. Of his resolution, Senator Bacon said: "My purpose is to have a thorough investigation of the moneys which have been received and disbursed in Cuba. We know that there have been some improper disbursements. In view of that fact, it is our duty to thoroughly sift the whole matter. Our only excuse for being in Cuba is our desire to govern the island for the benefit of the Cubans, and we ought to see whether we are doing our duty toward those people." That a number of Cuban officials, including the director of Posts and the Auditor of Postal accounts have been suspended, is proof that the public is being deceived by official statements saying that Neeley is the only Cuban official who has been implicated in the stealing. If a proper investigation is made, it will probably be ascertained that there has been a ring of thieves working on the Cuban revenues, but that is just what the administration doesn't wish to be ascertained.

Senator Teller arraigned the officers of the Ordnance Bureau of the Navy Department for incompetency and ignorance, during the discussion of the armor clause of the Naval Appropriation bill, and the arraignment was indorsed by Senator Allison. Mr. Teller said the ignorance displayed by officers of that Board, when they appeared before Congressional Committees for the purpose of giving information had been sometimes absolutely pitiful, and that he could get more information out of a private citizen in ten minutes than he had ever been able to get out of one of these officers in an hour; also that there were engineers in civil life who could make infinitely better guns than any officer on the Ordnance Board, but that the Board would not listen to them.

Adjutant General Hart, of Delaware, who is in Washington on business said of the political outlook in his State: "We will elect every State officer from governor down, and a legislature that will choose two democratic U. S. Senators. The republicans are in a hopeless state of disorganization, and are beaten from the start. If the rest of the country will do as well as Delware in November, there won't be much left of the G. O. P."

Although the administration succeeded in preventing any preliminary report being made by the Isthmian Commission, the members of that Commission have given their personal opinion of the investigation to the Senate Interoceanic Canal Committee, and those opinions are all one way—in favor of the Nicaragua route. This makes it evident that the position taken by Boss Hanna, that the Senate should not act upon the Nicaragua Canal Bill until the report of the Canal Commission is made, is merely for delay. Another proof was given by Hanna insisting that the Committee should grant hearings to the officers and directors of the new Panama Canal Company. Why should these men be heard when this government has sent, at great expense, an official commission of expert engineers to investigate, and that Commission has given its views to the Committee? There is palitical dynamite enough to in this question to blow the McKinley administration and the republican majority in the House out of existence, and if Boss Hanna succeeds in preventing the passage by the Senate, at this session, of the Nicaragua Canal Bill, the explosion will certainly take place next November.

It is now pretty well known why Gov. Teddy Roosevelt paid that extended visit to Washington. He had doubts of the sincerity of the Platt machine, and he wished to have the administration make it plain to Platt that he must be renominated for Governor of New York, and incidently, by paying him special attention, to help him convince some of the New Yorkers, whose confidence and esteem he had lost, that he was a high muck-a-muck in the councils of the administration. As far as Platt was concerned his visit was a success, and Mr. McKinley has Platt's promise that Teddy shall be renominated; but it will not be seen until the votes are counted whether the visit rehabilitated Teddy in the esteem of the kicking New Yorkers.

Why Workmen Are Striking.

Greensboro Vidette.

A Republican contemporary explains the prevalence of strikes just now as something that "comes out of prosperity." "Work," it adds, "has been as eager to find men as men have been to work. The industrial activity of the country is great beyond all precedent. As it has grown during the last two or three years wages have grown with it."

Pleasing, but not accurate. Most of the current strikes are due, not to prosperity, but to the increased cost of living. Nominally for higher wages, they are strikes against wage reductions. The general rise of prices has so cut down the purchasing power of money that the real wages of most workmen are lower now than they were in the midst of the hard times of three years ago, even when they are ten or twenty per cent. higher measured in dollars and cents. The only benefit most workers have received from prosperity thus far has been increased steadiness of employment. There has been no improvement in earnings for those at work, but rather the reverse.

How to Help Bryan.

Wilson News

If sense and discretion are used in the coming campaign, the nomination of Mr. Bryan by the Populists will add to his vote, and will make easy the success of the Democratic party in the State and Nation.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We, the undersigned, have known F. J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholsale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the sytem. Price, 75c. per bottle Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

MAYOR COOK'S ADDRESS.

To the Board of Aldermen: As it will be some days before your financial exhibit, showing the receipts and disbursements of the past year, will be made, I have thought it best to give you at least an approximate idea of the state of your finances, so that you may act intelligently in making up your budget for the coming year.

I find from the Treasurer's books that the receipts have been largely in excess of any previous year, which can be explained by the fact that there has been at least 40 per cent. more derived from the tax books (there being two books) of 1898-99, the former being subject to a discount of 75 per cent. if paid by a certain time. All the taxpayers did not take advantage of this liberal proposition, hence the tax books of 1898 will realize something like 33 per cent. Then, again, our receipts have been greater from the "Dispensary," the receipts being from this source $3,600.

Your bonded debt has been reduced $1,200, and judgments and costs amounting to $1,700 have been paid. Your interest and all other obligations of the city have been paid on presentation, and we commence the new year with a substantial balance in the treasury; but you must bear in mind, as stated above, that we cannot hope to have such large receipts for 1900 and 1901, as we will have only one tax book to draw upon. During the past year we have contributed $500 to the public schools, $500 to the improvement of our cemetery, a work that was much needed, and the manner in which the work was done reflected credit upon the committee who had it in charge. We have expended about $800 or $900 in sewer pipe, filling in many open ditches that were dangerous to the public; this is a work that should be continued until several eye sores have been removed. Then, we are glad to report that your streets and ditches are in much better condition than for several years past, although there are many improvements, as well as expenditures, that could be made that would beautify and improve our naturally beautiful and attractive city. We are now endeavoring to improve the main thoroughfare of our city by constructing a road bed of clay and building the other portions of the road up to it, and from the test already given it we believe it will prove quite an improvement, and we earnestly suggest that work on this line be continued until at least our main streets have been improved.

Now, that our city is on the up grade and every indication points to the fact that we shall soon become a manufacturing centre, and that our population is constantly growing and will grow much faster upon the advent which we have reason to believe is in the near future of the enterprise of the Cape Fear Power Company and Dr. McNeill's enterprise of like character, which we believe to be the greatest agency suggested for the upbuilding and permanent growth of our city to a city of no mean proportions by the introduction of electric power, for manufacturing and other purposes, and we have given this enterprise our hearty endorsement and financial encouragement by contracting with them to furnish our city with "*lights*," thus for the present, at least, giving up our idea of municipal ownership of an electric light plant, and this leads to a subject which I consider of more importance, and one that has much to do with the future progress and substantial growth of our city, and that is the all important question of *education*. The writer has for a number of years been one of the trustees as well as one of the executive committee of the present graded school, and he desires to say that while that school has done all it could with the limited means at its disposal, yet it must be confessed that it will not compare favorably with the public schools of our more progressive neighbors in other parts of the State.

No one will deny for a moment the necessity of improved school facilities. Then, again, another drawback to the present school is the location. It is not near enough to the centre of the district to insure the attendance of a great many children that should and would attend if they could do so at a more convenient location; and now, to bring this matter before you in a tangible form, I want to suggest that an amount equal to that already received from the county fund be set aside from our funds, which, added with the county fund, will give us a sum that will enable us to give the children a nine months' school, and with many improvements added; and to that end, if it meets your approval, I will appoint a committee on Education who can confer with the Trustees of the present school—a body of gentlemen whom I know to be deeply interested in this vital question, and who I believe will be willing to subordinate their wishes, in the matter of a location, to the best interest of all. As this recommendation is made only with the understanding that the location of the school shall be more central, as I do not believe that any considerable amount could or would be made to support a school outside of the city limits, now, let no one say that I am attacking the present school, for my record as a friend of that institution is too well known, nor let none of my friends outside the city limits think I am advocating a change because the present school is outside of the city limits; but I am actuated purely and solely, in the proposed change, for the benefit of the patrons of the school. The details of the plan and management of the school, if our friends of Cross Creek township outside of the city will join us—which I am constrained to believe they will—can be formulated by the committee and reported back to this board for approval.

There are other matters that might be called to your attention, but I will defer them to some future meeting. Below I hand you an estimate of probable receipts, as well as a list of our fixed charges.

Your tax books will realize about	$11,000	
Special taxes about	500	
Market house about	500	
Fines, &c., about	400	
Dispensary about	3,000	
		$15,400
Due on tax books about		1,600
Estimated		$17,000
Payment debt and interest, 30 per ct. on $11,000,	$3,750	
Water rent,	2,700	
Streets,	2,500	
Salaries,	2,500	
Miscellaneous—Incidental $250, Ind. Co., $150.	400	
Lights,	1,000	
Fire Department,	600	
		$13,450
Surplus,		$3,550

PAST YEAR EXPENDITURES.

Below you will find a semi official statement of expenditures from May, 1899, to May, 1900:

Streets, $1,918.17; Bridges, $237 98; Fire Department, 760.09; Lights, 791.28; Schools, 500; Extra Legal Fees, 200; Water Rent, 2,700; Refunded Tax, 360 15; Health Officers, 94.67; F. I. L. Co., 188.50; Market House, 337 75; Sundries, 297.80; Cemetery, 500; Salaries, 2,443.52; Old Bonds, 1,211 90; Judgment and Costs, 1,679.18; Coupons, Old Bonds, 1,274; Coupons, New Bonds, 1,790.50. Total, $17,285 37.

Thus it will be seen that if our estimate is correct we will have something over $3,000, which will enable us to assist in the proposed school matter and leave us a small balance to meet any extraordinary expense that may arise.

Respectfully,

W. S. COOK, Mayor.

FORMER ENEMIES' VIEWS OF BRYAN.

Says the Baltimore Sun:

The coming contest is much more than a struggle between rival aspirants for the Presidency. It is a mighty battle in which the issues to be decided are not simply who is to administer the highest office in the Government for the next four years, but what that office is to be, and upon what principles it is to be administered. Is the President to be servant of the people, or their master? Is he to be a constitutional President, controlled in all respects by the rules and limitations of the Constitution? or is he to be, so far as relates to extensive and widely spread territories belonging to the United States and more than 10,000,000 of human beings proclaimed to be subject to our sovereignty and jurisdiction, an Oriental despot, fettered by no rules of the Constitution (since they are held to have no application), governing like the Shah of Persia or the Negus of Abyssinia, according to his own sweet will and pleasure? It is the question between Republic and Empire—between the Republic founded by the fathers, and under which we have grown great and prosperous, and the Empire inaugurated by the treaty of Paris, and under which we have reaped only sorrow and trouble, bloodshed and taxes.

Before such tremendous issues as are involved in the coming election, the magnitude and importance of the principles at stake, the mere personality of the candidates, even for the highest place, becomes of secondary importance except so far as those candidates can be considered exponents of the two opposite tendencies—the one in favor of a return to the Republic, the other pursuing the downward path of Imperialism. * * *

The New York Post adds as a fact within in its own knowledge, that the professors of a certain New England college who were almost unanimously for McKinley in '96 are almost unanimously for Bryan now, and the reason, it says, assigned by these professors is that McKinley "has betrayed them," and that "they do not intend to be like the fool in the Spanish proverb and break a leg twice over the same stone." They consider that their first duty is to punish a great public offender, and they will meet the risks involved in his punishment as best they may.

Our contemporary also refers in the same connection to that well known trait in human nature which disposes people to think well and kindly of a man until he has been tried and found wanting, as has happend in McKinley's case.

Then there is the cardinal difference: that the renomination of McKinley necessarily implies approval of what McKinley has done. Platform or no platform, it will be an indorsement of his administration, for without that he can have no possible claim to re-election. The nomination of Bryan, on the other hand, indorses no administration, for he has had none. It implies no indorsement even of his opinions, except so far as those opinions are formally adopted by the party, embodied in its platform, and the party faith pledged to their future realization. * * *

In confirmation of this last view, as well as in striking illustration of the general drift of the Post's article, we quote from a recent letter published by Mr. Erving Winslow, the secretary of the Boston Anti-Imperialist League, of which ex-Governor Boutwell, of Massachusetts, is president. Mr. Winslow is well known for the active part which he has taken in the work of the organization. He begins by saying: "I am no Bryanite. On the contrary I am still a Republican, as I have been all my life; but above all, I am an anti-imperialist, meaning, with hundreds of thousands of my associates, to select our candidate and platform upon this issue alone, if it is sincerely adopted. Meanwhile we are observing and waiting and watching."

Then Mr. Winslow continues:

"As far as Mr. Bryan is concerned the evidence is irresistible, from public and private source, from friends and enemies, from his presence and conversation, that he is prepared, as you say, to act upon his repeated pledge that, if he is elected, 'the Philippines, so far as the President of the United States can make them so, shall be free and independent.' He has never swerved from this position by a hair's breadth. His desire to have the treaty with Spain ratified was quite justified in his own eyes by that position, as may be seen by his contemporaneous statement (Congressional Record, Fifty-sixth Congress, first session, page 2540), which has been declared by some of our wisest counselors to be sound and statesmanlike, in view of the result.

"That Mr. Bryan, whatever we may think of his judgment in less essential matters, possesses the fundamental characteristics of honesty, conscientiousness and steadfastness to his principles (without which there is nothing worth), and that the salvation of the republic from the menace of empire enlists the whole force of his convictions, his moral nature, and his will—these things are capable of actual demonstration to a fair-minded inquirer."

Complimentary to New Bern.

New Bern Journal, April 22, 1900.

Mr. William H. Oliver, who returned home last Friday night from Washington City, while in that city was again tendered a complimentary dinner, by Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Pioda at the Swiss Legation. Mr. Pioda spoke most feelingly of his visit to New Bern, four years ago, and the hospitality that was extended to him. Mr. Pioda's visit to New Bern was on the occasion of his bringing the beautiful silk flag, which, the city of Bern, Switzerland had presented to the City of New Bern, North Carolina. This beautiful flag encased in glass, is hung on the wall of the City Hall; it has been greatly admired by every one who has seen it, and is highly prized and appreciated by our people.

Fayeville Girls as Maids of Honor.

General J. S. Carr has appointed the following young ladies of this city, Maids of Honor, to represent the North Carolina Division at the approaching Confederate Reunion at Louisville: Misses Ellen H. Underwood, Kate H. Broadfoot and Mary S. MacRae.

Each of these ladies is requested promptly to mail to Adjutant General George Moorman, 824 Commerce street, New Orleans, four photographs and five brief sketches of herself.

THE AMENDMENT.

Mr. George E. Boggs, Populist, Tells in a Letter to the Pprogressive Farmer, of Restricted Negro Suffrage in South Carolina, and Urges the Adoption of the Amendment in this State.

Progressive Farmer.

Editors Progressive Farmer:—I am very deeply interested in the success of the effort to secure a limited suffrage to the negro in North Carolina, by the adoption of the proposed Constitutional Amendment. I am fully persuaded it would prove a great blessing to the State of North Carolina, to all of its citizens, including the negroes.

I have been sojourning in South Carolina, my native State, for about two months, and see the great benefit to all classes of its people, negroes included, from the practical retirement of the negro from political influence and power. This was virtually done by the great revolution in 1876, which wrested the power from the negroes and their leaders, and vested it in the white people. For some time the whites retained the political power by the entire control of the election machinery. The management of the election was entirely in the hands of the Democratic party. The law required that there should be a separate box for the reception of each vote for a candidate for any particular office. Each box was to be marked for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, for Senator, for members of the House, and the law provided that in any case if the ballot was not deposited in the right box it was invalidated. It also provided that each voter should deposit his ballot in person, with no one near him. As a result illiterate persons could not vote, unless the managers of the election chose to give information as to the right box in which to deposit each ballot. As a result illiterate voters where votes were not desired were practically debarred from voting. There were grave objections to this system, and many thought that it was unwise to hazard its continuance in case of division among the whites. To fully secure the victory that had wrested the power from the ignorant and incompetent negroes and their self seeking leaders, the amendment to the Constitution was adopted.

Before my recent careful investigation into the actual workings of the law, I had always been distrustful of it and feared it might limit the rights and influence of the plain, common people for whose rights I am ever jealous. That such has not been its effect is plainly shown by the fact that the plain, common people who revolutionized the government in this State a few years ago, and got full control of it, still retains this power.

I have spoken with quite a number of persons, of men of different professions, of different occupations and various positions in society, and have found not a single one who did not speak of it with full approval and commendation.

It is very singular the good effect it has had upon the negroes. They have had their eyes opened to the fact that casting ballots into boxes was not going to secure for them either the financial or social advancement which they expected, and as a result the masses of them have lost all interest in politics, and many of them who can read and write, and can therefore vote if they choose, do not exercise their right. Their whole demeanor is changed. They are far more industrious and contented than they were during their days of political power.

I who lived here during that horrible nightmare of Reconstruction, and can vividly recall the anxiety as to life and property, that hung like a pall over the whole people, can but note the amazing change that has taken place.

I wish to say a few words, more especially to my Populist friends, in regard to the pending contest in our State. We have often criticised and not infrequently abused the Democrats for making the negro issue a para mount one.

Now, the amendment will practically eliminate the negro question from our political contests in the future and give to us the opportunity of discussing issues of far greater importance.

Now, will it be consistent in us to refuse to assist in the effort to suppress the ignorant negro vote? I think it the duty of every true lover of the State to put aside any bitterness or estrangement that may have occurred in the past, and unite in the request from all to secure this modification of suffrage and relieve us from this irresponsible and dangerous negro vote.

Daring Filipinos.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, May 14—Seven Filipinos attempted today to burn a quantity of hay stored near the Quartermaster's Storehouse on the river front. The guards killed one and wounded another. The remainder escaped.

BEAVER DAM ITEMS.

BEAVER DAM, May 11, 1900.

The farmers are a little late planting this Spring, owing to having rainy weather some time ago. But are pushing ahead now with renewed energy, and will soon be up with their work.

The "grip" has been very bad in our section for the last week or two—almost an epidemic in some places, but we hope the worst is over and no more people will be gripped.

Rev. J. G. Fisher filled his regular appointment at Sharon last Sunday.

Mr. Octavius Simmons was married to Miss Mittie McDaniel, of McDaniel's X Roads, about April 28th. Mr. Simmons is one of our young Magistrates, and also a merchant and a clever young man of promise and his bride very pretty and lovely. We wish them a long and happy life.

We are glad to see Mr. Alex. Bedsole out again after being confined to his room with grip for several days.

Mrs. Chas. Lockamy, of Parkersburg, N. C, is spending some time with her father, Mr. T. J. Hall.

Mr. P. P. Hall was very sick last week with grip, but is able to move around now, and will also be on hand to vote for the Amendment and Aycock if nothing happens.

Capt. J. J. Bullard went up to Fayetteville, "Aycock Day", and this old veteran of Democracy came back much refreshed and with a burning desire for the whole ticket; yes, and the amendment too.

Mr. D. E. Beard, one of the leading Democrats of the Turnbull section of our township, was also on hand "Aycock Day", and received the grand treat that was in store for all who were fortunate enough to hear the gallant Aycock speak.

Mrs. Nacey Bullard, of Winnie, N. C., is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Haywood Hall.

Mr. Cicero Bullard and his little daughter is very sick, we are sorry to say.

Mrs. L. V. Hair is well of the grip, we are glad to state.

Some of the Pops, Rads and their allies are greatly troubled now-a-days. We verily believe some of the dear fellows are actually losing sleep over the proposed Constitutional Amendment. Ah! don't worry, dear friends, it will be carried, and so you need not fret. You will receive the same good effects from the results as we who are working for it. It will liberate dear old North Carolina and put her on a plane that she was never on before. It will give peace and quietude to the State for a number of years, and will stop those heavy strains during election times on the State and thereby we will gain mutual benefits; which will be a mighty upheaval in the industrial parts of the State. So let all white men be white men and come together and carry this proposed amendment—for carried, surely it will be, so help now while you have time and opportunity, and you will feel much better after the August election, and then you won't have to pinch yourself to see whether it is you or the other fellow.

We notice the Pops and Rads have put out two tickets. Party politics indeed, any little school boy could have beat that, for anybody who knows the sun rises in the East can see how that will work, for it is all a sham battle to fool the people with. They are one and can't be separated. The dear old creatures—if dear they are, and certainly they are dear, if we count tearing the State all to pieces and leaving it in chaos, is anything in cents and dollars. Oh! no, they can't separate, for one is the life of the other, They are lovers, the real love began when the Rads helped the Pops. put Marion in the U. S. Senate, and it is real true love on the Pops. side. That love the girls say never dies, "once loved, always loved." But the Rads. seem sometimes like flirting.

JACK.

DIED.

Peacefully at her home near Cumberland, N. C, May 11, 1900, Mrs. Catherine P., wife of J. B. Pattersall. She was converted under the ministry of Rev. P. C. Plyler, in 1862, connecting herself with the M. E Church, and was married in January 1870. She lived a truly consistent life; was modest and retiring in her manners, and only those who knew her best could appreciate her real worth. Loving her home, husband and only son, she did all she could to make her home attractive. She loved her church and was deeply interested in its welfare. Her death, which was sudden, was a shock to her many friends and relatives. Her husband has lost a dovoted and faithful wife, her son an affectionate mother. May God comfort her grief stricken husband and friends, and may this seemingly strange dispensation of Providence draw them all nearer to Christ.

A FRIEND

The Armor Plate Amendment.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 14.—The Senate is considering the Naval Appropriation bill. The committee amendment fixing the price of armor plate at 545 to 445 per ton was adopted, 32 to 19. A government armor-plate plant is authorized in case the armor manufacturers refused to lower the price.

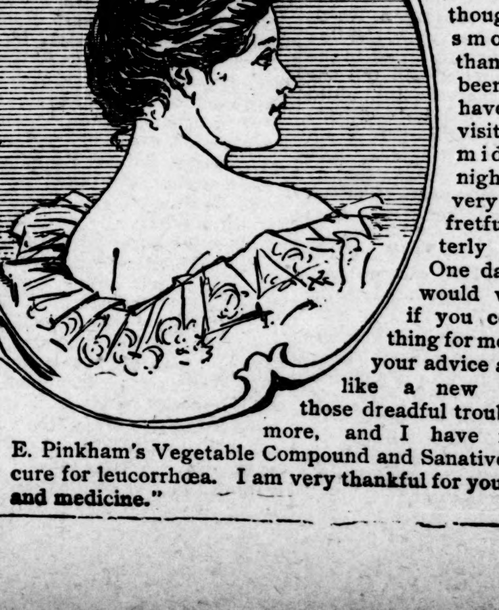
WOMEN are assailed at every turn by troubles peculiar to their sex. Every mysterious ache or pain is a symptom. These distressing sensations will keep on coming unless properly treated.

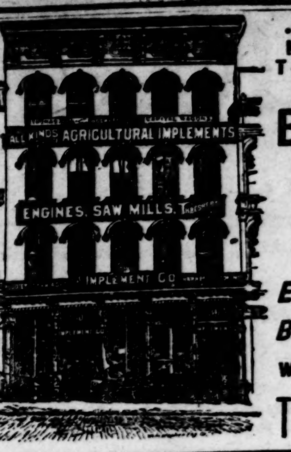
The history of neglect is written in the worn faces and wasted figures of nine-tenths of our women, every one of whom may receive the invaluable advice of Mrs. Pinkham, without charge, by writing to her at Lynn, Mass.

WOMEN WHO NEED MRS. PINKHAM'S AID

MISS LULA EVANS, of Parkersburg, Iowa, writes of her recovery as follows:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I had been a constant sufferer for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb, leucorrhœa, heart trouble, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, ached all over, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. My heart trouble was so bad that some nights I was compelled to sit up in bed or get up and walk the floor, for it seemed as though I should smother. More than once I have been obliged to have the doctor visit me in the middle of the night. I was also very nervous and fretful. I was utterly discouraged. One day I thought I would write and see if you could do anything for me. I followed your advice and now I feel like a new woman. All those dreadful troubles I have no more, and I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure cure for leucorrhœa. I am very thankful for your good advice and medicine."





THE LARGEST Farm Implement House in the South

Buggies, Harness, Saddles, Plows and Castings, Pumps and Well Fixtures,

ENGINES, SAW MILLS, THRESHERS, BINDERS, MOWERS, FENCING, WIRE.

Write for Catalogue and ask for Special Low Prices.

THE IMPLEMENT CO, 1302-1304 E. Main St., RICHMOND, VA.

Memorial Day.

FAYETTEVILLE, MAY 12, 1900.

EDITOR OBSERVER:—

Tribute should be given to whom tribute is due. An old veteran was heard to remark on the afternoon of the tenth, "Well, I have had the finest time to-day that I have had in years." As one who was a small part and who saw it all, the writer endorses his remark most heartily. There was no blare of trumpets, no boasting display of what was intended, only a simple programme planned and carried out by earnest and efficient men and women who had the cause at heart and who tried to do their duty, and succeeded in it.

To the President and Secretary of the Ladies' Memorial Association, the ladies generally, the honored orator, the efficient chief marshal and his assistants, the veterans, and the young men of the company, too much praise cannot be accorded.

But with it all, I could but feel, as I stood there watching the veterans as with bared heads they drank in the eloquent words of their comrade, that there was something lacking. I saw them when they formed, when before breaking into twos, at the command "forward; guide centre, march," they straightened up, threw back their shoulders, and stepped forward in a line as straight as an arrow; and as the folds of the old battle flag in the centre spread out in the wind, I imagined that for a moment they forgot the present and lived amid scenes that we know of only in story. I repeat, as I saw these men, noble types of a chivalric past, that as I looked around further I had a fear, not for them, but *for the future*, for that time when they will no longer be with us to inspire us, to advise us, and to lead us onward; for where were the *young men!* the boys, and the older, from fifteen to thirty! The ladies were there, the girls were there, the veterans were there, but, save for the thin line of gray, where were *the boys* and *young men!*

Can it be that patriotism and reverence are failing in our youth; that love of luxury, pleasure, and ease is leading them aside! Let us hope not. Still, a note of warning kindly given may not be amiss. So, let us wake up. The day will come when the Old Guard, the veterans, will be relieved, when their tour of duty will be forever ended. See to it that, as the new guard marches by in review to take their places, *ye prove yourselves worthy of the trust.*

Again, all honor to whom honor is due. Let this tenth of May inspire us to do our duty likewise in years to come.

MACGREGOR.

The Proposed Sewerage Ordinance.

The Board of Aldermen do Ordain:

1st. That Peter Mallett, E. J. Hale and A. H. Slocomb, hereinafter called grantees, their heirs, executors, administrators, associates and assigns, be permitted and empowered to build, construct and operate a system of sewerage throughout the City of Fayetteville, and they are hereby given the right and granted the franchise to so build and construct a system of sewerage throughout the City of Fayetteville, under such streets and in such places as said grantees may deem best. The regulation of said sewerage, the streets under which same may be built, and the supervision of the same to be under the supervision of the street committee of the City of Fayetteville.

2nd. That said grantees are hereby authorized and empowered to allow the citizens of Fayetteville, or any number of them, to tap said sewers and use the same in any manner not inconsistent with public safety, and the health of the citizens of said city. That the said grantees be and are hereby empowered to charge a fee not greater than $25 for each tap, and an annual rental not to exceed $4 for the use of said sewer. Provided, however, not more than one house-holder may be allowed to use this tap or connect with any pipe or pipes conducting the drainage therein.

3rd. The pipes to be used in the construction of said sewer are to be of the most approved order, and a size sufficient to give vent and rapid egress.

4th. The grantees, their associates and assigns shall construct said sewerage system in such manner and of such material as may be agreed upon by the street committee of said city and one consulting engineer to be chosen by the grantees or their assigns. But the grantees shall be required to construct no sewer upon any street or streets, alley or alleys, where there is not an average of at least one connection contracted for on each 120 feet of sewer constructed.

5th. In consideration of municipal protection and all ordinances necessary to protect the property of the grantees the said grantees will be required to furnish free of charge sewerage connections for the City Hall and public schools in the city.

6th. The main sewerage pipe of the system to be constructed shall begin at the town line at the foot of Hay Mount and run thence with Hay street to the Market, thence by way of Person street to some point near the river, and shall have its discharge below the boat wharves into the Cape Fear River, and all branch or connecting sewers shall empty into and be discharged through these main sewers.

7th. No work shall be done in the construction of said sewer at such times of the year as the health officers of the City of Fayetteville, and of Cumberland county, shall deem dangerous for the public welfare.

8th. The grantees herein, their associates and assigns, may also build and construct a sewer line beginning at the west end of Rowan street and run down said street across Green street and direct to Cross Creek below the cemetery. Said sewer to be under the supervision of the street committee and subject to said supervision in its construction and operation.

9th. This franchise shall extend for a period of thirty years. Work shall be begun within less than one year from the date of this franchise, and the main line of said sewer to be completed within two years from the commencement of such work, and a failure to so begin and complete said work shall work a forfeiture of this franchise unless for good reasons shown to the Board of Aldermen further time shall be given.

10th. This franchise shall not be assigned or in any way disposed of by the grantees herein named without written consent of the Board of Aldermen by resolution in meeting expressed, except to a corporation which may be formed by the grantees herein named to be designated as The Fayetteville Sewerage Company.

Ratified this —— 1900.

Soldiers of the Revolution.

May 15, 1900.

Editor Observer:

While walking through the old cemetery, in the corner near the Confederate monument last Sunday afternoon, the writer noticed leaning against an oak stump a broken slab of small size and rough design on which was inscribed the following:

In Memory
of David Burroughs, an
Officer of the Revolution,
Died May 1818.

By strange coincidence this lay only a few feet from a large slab in a lot well preserved, which marked the last resting place of another "soldier of the Revolution," John Lumsden, born in 1758 and died in 1843.

In many places the graves of Revolutionary patriots are preserved with zealous care and pointed to with the greatest pride, the more so of late years when the Revolutionary and Colonial societies have done so much towards a revival of interest. Should we not show a like interest here in Fayetteville?

Perhaps some of our old citizens could tell us who "David Burroughs, Officer of the Revolution," was, and where his grave is, over which this broken slab should be placed, and where it should ever be guarded and preserved.

ROB ROY.

Fort Outlawed.

Thomas Fort, the young railroad clerk and operator, charged with attempting criminal assault on Mrs. James B. Driver, wife of the Superintendent of Cumberland Mills, at Hope Mills Friday night, was Tuesday proclaimed an outlaw from the court house door by order of Magistrates C. P. Overby and J. T. McKay. It is said that a few friends of Fort have been shielding him from capture at the hands of the posse who have been hunting him night and day. Monday a young man hired a buggy from the livery stable in Hope Mills, saying that he was going to take Fort to Fayetteville, where he would surrender to the Sheriff. Yesterday the young man returned the buggy, and the horse was in a very jaded state. An investigation proved that, instead of coming to Fayetteville, Fort was driven over into Robeson county.

The New Railroad Map.

The new railroad map just issued by Mr. Henry C. Brown, clerk to the Corporation Commission, shows the mileage of the following railroads, in which we are locally interested:

Raleigh and Cape Fear, Raleigh to Varina, 18 miles.

Aberdeen and Rock Fish, Aberdeen to Dundarch, 26 miles.

Cape Fear and Northern, Apex to Angier, 20 miles.

Carolina Northern, Lumberton to Marion, S. C., 17 miles.

The Atlantic Coast Line has a mileage of 939 91, the Southern Railway 1,223 48, the Seaboard 619.90. while other roads have a mileage of 842 95.

Death of Mr. James G. Worth.

The sad news was received here Monday of the death of Mr. James G. Worth, of Wilmington, at the Johns Hopkins Hospital at Baltimore, where he went last week to be treated for diabetes.

He was the youngest son of the late Mr. David G. Worth, a graduate of the University, a successful and leading young business man who was held in highest esteem. He was about thirty years old.

On December 7th, 1893, Mr. Worth was united in marriage to Miss Josephine McBryde, daughter of the late Rev. D. D. McBride, D. D., of this county, and for many years one of the most prominent Presbyterian divines in eastern Carolina. She and three small children, a son and two daughters, are left to mourn the loss of a devoted husband and fond father.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys.

For biliousness, constipation and malaria.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.

For sleeplessness, nervousness, heart failure and nervous prostration.

For fevers, chills, debility and kidney diseases, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

50c. and $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

GRATITUDE.

Dr. H. Mozley—Dear Sir: Since using your Lemon Elixir I have never had another attack of those fearful sick headaches, and thank God that I have at last found a medicine that will cure those awful spells.

MRS. ETTA W. JONES, Parkersburg, West Virginia.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

I suffered with indigestion and dysentery for two long years. I heard of Lemon Elixir; got it; taken seven bottles and am now a well man.

HARRY ADAMS, No. 1734 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

Cured my husband, who was afflicted for years with large ulcers on his leg, and was cured after using two bottles; and cured a friend whom the doctors had given up to die, who had suffered for years with indigestion and nervous prostration.

MRS. E. A. BEVILLE, Woodstock, Ala.

MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.

25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

dly sat & wkly

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 17, 1900

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clyde Line—Sailing Days.
J. B. Troy, Treas'r—Notice.
King Bros. —Claret Limeade.
W. J. McDonald—7 Job Lots Tobacco.
Hollingsworth & Co.—Summer Corsets.
Huske Hardware House—Farmers' Tools.
H. L. Cook, Commissioner—Land Sale.
Horne's Pharmacy — Pure, Sparkling, Bubbling Soda Water.
A. E Rankin Co —Mule, Horse, Cane Mill and Log Cart Wheels for Sale.

We offer the Weekly Observer and Home and Farm, one year, for only $1.25; two papers for almost the price of one.

"Home and Farm" is one of the popular papers among the farmers. It has four departments—woman's, children's, poultry and dairy. Subscribe now.

Death of Mrs. Hamer.

Mrs. Martha Wallace Hamer, mother of Mrs. Dr. E. Floyd, of this city, died at her home near Tatum, S. C., Thursday, May 10th, in her 89th year. Mrs. Floyd will have the sympathy of all our people in her bereavement.

Election at Cumberland Mills.

The municipal election at Cumberland Mills Monday resulted in the election of the following ticket:

Mayor—J. W. Hodges; aldermen, J. R. Davis, James Davis, Albert Wade, Jesse Smith, and R. A. Vaughn. Town marshal, John Morrison.

Death of An Aged Lady.

Miss Mary McLaurin, of Flea Hill, died Firday, age 91. Funeral took place Saturday at the family graveyard. She was well known all over the county and was a faithful member of Bethlehem Presbyterian church, which she joined when fourteen years of age. Rev. John L. Yandle officiated.

North Carolina Presbyterian please notice.

Sudden Death at Cumberland.

Mrs. J. B. Pattersall died suddenly at Cumberland Mills last Friday afternoon.

Mayor J. W. Hodges called at the house about 4 o'clock and found Mrs. Pattersall dead on the floor, where she had evidently fallen from heart disease. There was no one in the house at the time. The deceased was about 55 years old and leaves a husband and one son.

Meeting of Election Board.

The Cumberland County Election Board met Friday afternoon, Chairman J. B. Smith presiding. The resignation of Mr. J. A. McArthur as a member of the board was tendered and accepted, and Mr. W. H. Marsh, of Gray's Creek, was elected in his stead. The Board now stands: J. B. Smith, chairman; Geo. W. Holmes, Secretary; and W. H. Marsh. It was decided to postpone all matters relating to the coming election until the next meeting, which will be held on the 19th inst.

Attempted Suicide.

Saturday afternoon Jim Burns, a young colored man, aged about 22, attempted to commit suicide by taking laudanum. He was found lying in a cart on Gillespie street, and as it was apparent that he was suffering from the effects of an overdose of laudanum, a physician was sent for, and he was finally pulled through. A little while longer, however, and he would have been dead.

It is said that disappointment in love caused the deed.

Fort Still at Large.

Thos. Fort, the young white man who, it is alleged, attempted a criminal assault at Hope Mills on Friday night, is still at large, notwithstanding the fact that a large posse of armed men have been hunting him day and night. It is rumored this afternoon that he will surrender to the Sheriff, fearing bodily harm if captured by the indignant people of Hope Mills. We are assured however that if he should be captured and taken to Hope Mills he will be in no danger of mob violence, as the people will obey the wishes of the authorities and allow the law to take its corse.

Acknowledgment.

We are in receipt of two very handsome invitations, one to the commencement exercises of Oak Ridge Institute, May 20th, 21st and 22nd, and the other to the commencement of Davidson College, May 27th to 30th.

Freight Train Robbed.

Thieves broke into a sealed box car in the A. C. L. freight yard Saturday night, and stole fifty-five pairs of shoes. For some time the A. C. L. has been annoyed by petty robberies of this character at this place, but not on such an extensive scale, the former thieves (or may be the same) contenting themselves with only a few pairs of shoes. There is as yet no clue to the robbers.

A FOLLOWER OF MEASLES.—In many instances a persistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this Mr. Walter B. Beel, editor of the Elkin (N. C) *Times*, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicines the best on the market." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

From Saturday's Daily.

ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE AT HOPE MILLS.

Great Excitement In the Village.

The police authorities of this city received a telephone message from Hope Mills about 11 o'clock last night to look out for Thos. Fort, a young white man, wanted there on a charge of attempted criminal assault.

This morning 'Squire D. J. Cashwell issued a warrant charging Fort with an attempted criminal assault on Mrs. James Driver at her residence in Hope Mills No. 1 at 10 o'clock last night, and, though Fort has disappeared, every effort was at once put forth to apprehend him.

Messrs. Wm. Phillips and John B. West were attracted by Mrs. Driver's cries, and hurried to her house just in time to see the man (who it is claimed was Fort) jump through a window and disappear. Mrs. Driver's husband, who is Superintendent of Cumberland cotton mills, was away from home at the time.

The greatest excitement prevails at Hope Mills, and the good people of this charming little factory village are putting forth strenuous efforts to capture the alleged culprit.

It is said that when last seen Fort was retiring into a swamp with a pistol in each hand. It is also said that the man was very drunk when he entered Mrs. Driver's house.

The Prettiest Feature of Memorial Day.

The "Observer" reporter forgot to mention the prettiest feature of the memorial parade, the eleven lovely girls representing the Confederate States. They led the procession on Memorial Day, going in front of the F. I. L. I., headed by North Carolina, escorted by Sergeant A. R. Williams. The girls were dressed in white, carrying bouquets, each with the name of State which they represented on their hats, (sailors) and were under the management of Mrs. Utley.

They were as follows:

North Carolina—Miss Mary McNeill.
South Carolina—Miss Mary Langdon Ayer.
Virginia—Miss Dixie Poe.
Georgia—Miss Maggie Bell McDonald.
Florida—Miss Fannie Broadfoot.
Alabama—Miss Lillian Haigh.
Mississippi—Miss Sadie Gardner.
Louisiana—Miss Clara Smith.
Texas—Miss Mary Norcott Broadfoot.
Arkansas—Miss Mary Gardner.
Tennessee—Miss Louise Huske.

The New Cemetery.

Aldermen Oates and Underwood have been investigating the relation of the churches and the new cemetery, which, for a number of years, has almost run itself. They found that the land was originally deeded to three members each of the Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian, Episcopal and Catholic churches, their heirs and assigns in perpetuity, by Messrs. E. J. and Henry Lilly, John D. Williams and Alfred A. McKethan, to be used as a cemetery exclusively for whites. Of the original fifteen trustees, only two are living to-day—ex-Judge James C. McRae, and Mr. J. J. Ahearn—and as the heirs of the original trustees, who are dead through lack of knowledge of their responsibility or some other cause, have taken no interest in the matter, it is the purpose of the above named gentlemen to ask the churches to appoint new trustees, having the assurance of Major McKethan (the only one of the heirs who has taken interest in the trust) and others that the heirs will agree to waive their rights in a friendly suit to be brought in order to make it legal.

We understand that there is about $1,000 due the cemetery for lots, and with this and the subsequent revenue it is proposed to make some external improvements in this property.

Messrs. Oates and Underwood became interested in the matter through an investigation for the purpose of seeing whether the city had any interest in this cemetery.

Republican Congressional Convention.

Postmaster A. L. McCaskill went to Clinton to-day to attend the Republican Congressional convention which meets there to-morrow. Postmaster Hancock, of Newbern, is the most prominent candidate spoken of for the nomination.

Mr. Thomas, whom the Democrats will re-nominate, is also from Newbern.

Cumberland Republicans say this is a snap convention, as they were not notified of it.

The Result of A Tramp.

Last week Dick Council, a colored boy, left here for the purpose of making his way north. At Goldsboro his foot got caught between the rods under a car and was severely smashed. He was brovght here and turned over to the Company's Surgeon, and it is not improbable that he will lose his foot.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

W. W. Mayhew, Merton, Wis, says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. King Bros.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

THE NEW BOARD OF ALDERMEN SWORN IN.

Election of City Officials and Other Important Business Transacted.

The Board of Aldermen, elected on Monday of last week, met in the Mayor's office Monday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock and were sworn in by Mayor Cook, all fourteen members being present and standing with their right hand uplifted during the administering of the oath as follows: W. H. Powell, T. H. Maultsby, B. R. Taylor, J. W. McNeill, C. B. McMillan, R. G. Haigh, W. G. Hall, J. F. Johnson, C. D. Sedberry, J. G. Hollingsworth, C. W. Elliott, I. W. Clark, Jno. Underwood and J. A. Oates, Jr.

As soon as the board was called to order, Col. Peter Mallett, Mr. A. H. Slocomb and Maj. E. J. Hale appeared, and, through their attorney, Hon. J. G. Shaw, asked that a franchise, which Mr. Shaw read, and which will be found on the inside of this issue, for the construction of a sewerage system, be referred to a committee to consider and report to the next regular meeting of the board. On motion the request was unanimously granted.

Mayor Cook then read his annual message, which gave a clear and succinct account of the administration of the city affairs for the past twelve months; also the probable revenues and expenses for the ensuing year, together with several excellent recommendations.

So pleased was the board with the paper, that, upon motion of Alderman Underwood, Col. Cook was voted the unanimous thanks of the members, in behalf of the city, for what Alderman Underwood termed "the best paper of the kind a Board of Aldermen of Fayetteville ever had the pleasure of hearing read."

Alderman McNeill moved that the recommendation of the Mayor, for appointment of an Education Committee to confer with the Graded School Trustees in regard to the betterment of that institution, be adopted, with the proviso that said committee shall not make or agree to any proposition that does not look to the removal of the Graded School to within the bounds of the city. This was carried unanimously.

The Mayor's recommendation as to the continuance of the work of improving Hay street, by placing clay on the sand, was approved, and he was authorized to carry out such work as he may deem proper.

Alderman McNeill moved the adoption of the following resolution, which was adopted by sections and then as a whole:

Be it resolved, by the Board of Aldermen of the city of Fayetteville, in regular meeting assembled, this 14th day of May, 1900

1st. That any officer of the said city of Fayetteville that shall be guilty of drunkenness at any time during his said term of office shall be suspended, for the first offense thirty days, and for the second offense shall be discharged from said office.

2nd. That any officer who shall publicly swear on or near any of the streets of the said city shall be suspended for the first offense five days, and for each and every offense thereafter five days.

3rd. That there shall not be allowed any drinking of intoxicants of any kind in the police headquarters under the market by any one.

The election of city officials was then gone into:

MAYOR PRO TEM.

Upon motion of Alderman Elliott, seconded by Alderman Johnson, the present incumbent, Alderman C. B. McMillan, was unanimously re-elected.

Alderman Powell then moved that all salaries be fixed for the same as last year. This was carried.

Some discussion followed as to the enlarged duties of the City Treasurer, and, upon motion, the resolution fixing salaries as above was re-considered.

Alderman Underwood then moved that the salary of the City Treasurer be increased from $150 a year to $200. This was done.

Alderman Powell then moved that the salary of City Clerk be increased from $6 25 to $10 per month. This was done without dissent.

Alderman McMillan now moved that all other salaries remain as heretofore, and this was carried.

CITY TREASURER.

Mr. H. O. Sedberry was then re-elected Treasurer by acclamation.

CHIEF OF POLICE.

Capt. W. H. Flowers was re-elected chief of police unanimously.

ASSISTANT POLICE.

The following made application for the positions of assistant police: J. H. Benton, J. W. Maultsby, A. A. Johnson, Jarvis Buckingham and J. A. McLeod.

Before the vote was taken Alderman Underwood moved that Mr. Benton be re-elected by acclamation. This was done.

The vote for the other position was then taken and resulted in the re election of Mr. Maultsby, by 9 votes to Mr. Buckingham's 4.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

Mr. T. J. Powers was unanimously re-elected street commissioner and policeman.

LAMP LIGHTER.

For this position there were the following candidates: J. H. Martin, J. H. Driver, James Farmer and S. L. McQueen (colored).

Upon motion of Alderman Clark the selection of lamp lighter was left to the Light committee.

CITY CLERK.

L. B. Hale was re elected city clerk, by 12 votes to 2 for John X. Smith.

CITY ATTORNEY.

D. T. Oates, Esq., was re-elected city attorney unanimously.

TAX LIST TAKER.

For this position, the compensation for which was fixed at $75, Mr. S. W. Tillinghast and Mr. John X. Smith were voted for. The first ballot resulted in a tie vote of 7 to 7, and for the four following ballots the vote remained the same. On the sixth ballot Mr. Tillinghast received eight votes and was declared elected.

SEXTON OF CEMETERIES.

Mr. J. W. Faircloth was elected sexton of the two white cemeteries, and the salary was fixed at $5 a month.

Alderman Clark asked that some action be taken to prevent the frequent robberies of flowers from graves in the old cemetery. The Mayor stated that there was an ordinance imposing a fine of $5 for such offences, and that he would instruct the sexton to keep a sharp lookout for such miscreants.

The report of Alderman Underwood, chairman of the cemetery committee, embodying extra cost of the work on the old cemetery, was approved.

Alderman McNeill introduced the following resolution which was unanimously carried:

WHEREAS, we have heard, with great pleasure, that Mrs. Eva S. Cochran has purchased the "Robinson property," near the Marsh-Highsmith Sanitarium, for the purpose of establishing a charity annex to said Sanitarium for the treatment of the poor people of our community; therefore be it

Resolved, That, in appreciation of Mrs. Cochran's generosity, we wish to express our gratitude to her in behalf of our people for her deep interest in our city and community, and, as a small token of our appreciation we have this day, as is permitted by our law, ordered stricken from the tax books of said city the property so designated, and that the Clerk of the Board be instructed to send a copy of this resolution to her.

The Mayor stated that he would, in a few days, publish the different committees for the ensuing year.

The following bills were passed, after which the Board adjourned: S. Sheetz & Sons, blankets for guard house, $7; G. H. Thomson, 1,000 hand bills, $1.50; Huske Hardware House, buckets, $1; Colin MacRae, Registrar's services, $22; W. B. Malloy and J. T. McKay, judges of election, $2 each; John Underwood, chairman of cemetery committee, $88 50.

A Great Fire in Japan.

By telegraph to the Observer.

San Francisco, May 12.—Mail advices from Yokohama give particulars of a conflagration in the large town of Fukin. Sixteen hundred houses, including thirty temples, and all the principal buildings, were burned. Six teen persons perished, and a hundred were injured. The property loss is estimated at two and a half million.

Threatened Virginia Lynching.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Richmond, Va., May 12.—According to reports received here the Governor has ordered the Roanoke company to hold itself in readiness to reinforce the Martinville company, which has been ordered out to prevent the lynching of a colored man. A dispatch from Martinville this morning says the mob is reported assembling three miles from town and an attempt to lynch the negro is probable. The military say they can and will hold the jail.

The St. Louis Strike.

By telegraph to the Observer.

St. Louis, May 14.—The chief of police advertised for twenty-five hundred able bodied men to serve in an emergency as policemen. There was a rush this morning at the city hall of applicants and a large number were sworn in. The suburban with three branches and six lines of the Transit company started cars this morning.

Fought a Mob With Water.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Pittsburg, May 14.

A mob of men and boys, numbering about two thousand, last night took possession of Turtle Creek, a small town eight miles from here at midnight. The sheriff was called upon to suppress the riot. The trouble was caused by the board of health trying to take possession of an abandoned school building for a pest house. The mob prevented the officers from proceeding. Twenty-five special officers failed to bring the mob to terms and the volunteer fire department was called out and dispersed the rioters with hose. The crowd, later, cut the hose, beating the firemen off. A number of firemen were badly cut. Early this morning the mob dispersed, acquiescing in the use of the school house.

Bank President Gets Eight Years.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Boston, May 14.—Ex-President Cole, of the Globe National Bank, was sentenced to-day to eight years in prison.

Methodists and the British Flag.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, May 15.—At the Methodist conference today a resolution was introduced that the British flag be given place alongside the stars and stripes, on the platform at this conference. A storm of noes greeted the reading, but the mover, Dr. Handley, of New Jersey, partly turned the tide by an impassioned speech, saying that the British flag has given missionaries protection in all parts of the world, and stands for the open bible in every community. But the motion to lay on the table prevailed.

Mr. W. H. Carver arrived here yesterday from Florida and will remain here several weeks before going to his mountain home.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headache and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. King Bros.

Reported Repulse of Boers at Mafeking.

Buller Cables of Boer Retreat.

Many Killed and Injured in a Chicago Hotel Fire.

Boers Disregard the White Flag—Balloting for Bishops—Nineteen Americans Were Killed.

Miscellaneous.

By cable to the Observer.

Rome, May 16.—Disturbances in the Chamber of Deputies has resulted in a royal decree proroguing Parliament.

In Congress.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 16.—The Senate is considering the resolution to investigate the Cuban scandal. Senator Bacon is advocating its passage.

Caught the Burglar.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, May 16.—Annie Kemmerar, a waitress, caught Charles Hamp, a member of the forty-seventh regiment, in the act of burglarizing the guests' rooms at the Herman Sass Hotel, Broadway, Williamsburg. She locked him in a room and got help, and Hamp was caught.

Balloting for Bishops.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, May 16.—At the Methodist General Conference to day the result of the first ballot for Bishops was no choice. The three highest were Dr J F. Berry, Editor Epworth Herald, 213; J. W. E Bowen, Gammon Theological Seminary, 211; Dr. J. W. Hamilton, 183. The balloting will proceed to-day.

Disastrous Hotel Fire—Many Killed—One Hundred Injured.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, Ill., May 16 h.—The Hotel Helene was burned early this morning. Four chambermaids are missing and ten persons fatally hurt. A number of other guests were injured in leaping from windows. The flames had great headway before discovered. The place was closed for the night and had it not been for the bravery of the police, nearly one hundred persons would have been cremated, as one hundred rooms were occupied last night.

Policeman Fip saw the blaze and alarmed the station, and every police man in the district ran to the hotel and rushed from room to room, awakening the sleepers, helping the panic stricken to the street. The guests ran in their night clothes. When the fire men arrived the windows were crowded with shrieking people, and many jumped. Firemen caught two women who leaped from the third floor. Six persons braved the trip down the burning corridor and firemen found them unconscious. Of two hundred persons in the building over half sustained injuries.

Buller Cables Operations.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 16—Gen. Buller cables from Dundee on the 16th: "I occupied Glencoe yesterday. The Transvaalers have now evacuated Biggarsburg. The Free Staters on the Drakensburg are much reduced in numbers. The Carolina, Lydenburg and Pretoria commandoes trekked north on the 13th and 14th with eleven guns, which they entrained for Glencoe. The last train left Glencoe at dawn on the 15th. The result was largely produced by the action of the Fifth division, which for the past few days has done a great deal of very hard work marching, mountain climbing and road making. Trains are now running to Wessel's Nek station."

Disregarded the White Flag.

Gen. Roberts cables under date of Kroonstad 15th, that two officers and six men of Prince Alfred's guards were foraging yesterday a few miles from Kroonstad. They had visited a farmhouse, from which a white flag was flying the owner of which surrendered himself with arms and ammunition. They approached another farm also flying a white flag. Forty yards from the enclosure they were fired upon by fifteen or sixteen Boers concealed behind the farm walls. Two men were killed and one officer wounded. The other officer and two men were taken prisoners.

London, May 16.

A Cape Town dispatch says that it is reported there that the relief column for the succor of Mafeking, was Sunday within two day's march of that town.

Boers at Mafeking Repulsed.

Lorenzo Marquez, May 16.—A Portuguese official dispatch says an encounter has occurred at Mafeking, and the Boers repulsed with heavy loss.

Nineteen Americans Were Killed.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 16th.—Gen. MacArthur confirms the reported engagement with the insurgents at Catubig April 16th. Nineteen men of the Forty-third infantry was killed and five wounded. Over two hundred insurgents were killed.

Fire This Morning.

The old Hawley school house, just beyond Cool Spring, was burned to the ground this morning about 2 o'clock. The building, which belonged to Mr. W. L. Hawley, was insured and occupied by the widow of Josh Roan. She had just taken possession of the house yesterday, having been burned out last week in the fire on Broad street. She also lost a fine shoat yesterday and the old woman thinks that all her recent misfortunes are due to an enemy. Certain it is that both fires were well under way when discovered, and the woman and her children came near being burned to death in the Broad street house.

"I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe.

King Bros.

EDITOR'S AWFUL PLIGHT.

F. M. Higgins, Editor Seneca, (Ills.,) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons, druggists.

Alex. Gilmore Turns Up Again.

The famous outlaw, Alex. Gilmore, who was sent to the penitentiary for 10 years for highway robbery by Cumberland Criminal Court two years ago, and who escaped from the penitentiary one year ago, was seen in Fayetteville Monday by a gentleman who knows him well. He said he had been in Mississippi since his escape.

Fayetteville A Popular Gretna Green.

Mr. W. W. Wicker and Miss Josie Sessoms, both of this county, drove into the city this morning and registered at the LaFayette. Shortly afterwards they were driven to the Holt-Morgan Village, where they were married by Rev. Mr. Tew. It is said to have been a runaway affair.

Speaking at King Hiram.

Messrs. H. L. Cook and E. R. McKethan will address the people at King Hiram School House in Gray's Creek township on the night of Tuesday, May 22nd. The amendment and its effects will be fully discussed.

Mr. Jas. M. Easterling arrived here to-day from McLaurin, Miss., and will shortly return to live, accompanied by his wife and children.

Explosion Caused by a Cigarette.

Some ville, N. J., May 15.—There was a terrific explosion of gasoline in a storehouse at Raritan today and two firemen were badly burned. A customer lighted a cigarette and set fire to a gosoline tank in the store of A. G Wickoff.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS
REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.	
Middling	9¼
Strict Middling	9¼
Good Middling	9⅜
Strict Good Middling	9⅜

NAVAL STORES	
Spirits	46
Common Rosin	1 10
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PORDUCE REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.	
Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@$2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.00 @ 2.20
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb	9¼
" —ham	11a11½
" —sides—	9¼a10
" —shoulders—	8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	45
Peas—clay	85
" —mixed	75a80
" —white,	90@100
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	55@60
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	55a60
Onions—select—per bushel	1.00a1.25
Lard—N. C.	10@11
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	25@28
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	8a9
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Country Butter	20@25
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	10a11
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	1.00a1.25
Potatoes—Sweet	60a70
Pork	5@6

7 JOB LOTS
219 Boxes
Tobacco
20 Different Grades
bought low down

for my customers in Fayetteville, Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Remember My Prices Cannot Be Duplicated.

W. J. McDONALD,
Jobber in Tobacco and Cigars,
12 Hay Street.

Full Line of My Own Make of Wines.

Land Sale by Commissioner.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county made in a Special Proceeding entitled N. G. Biggs *et al.* against James A. Adams *et al*, the undersigned will expose to sale to the highest bidder for cash at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, on

Saturday, 16th day of June, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M., the following described lands, being the home place of the late Philip Biggs, to-wit:

As described by metes and bounds in a deed from Charles Jones and wife to Philip Biggs, recorded in Book Y, No. 3, page 135, containing 80 acres more or less.

Second tract: As described by metes and bounds in a deed from John Q. Adams and wife to Philip Biggs, recorded in Book M, No. 4, page 647, &c., containing 25 acres, more or less.

This land is at Hope Mills No. 2, and sale is made for the purpose of partition of proceeds among the heirs and is subject to the confirmation of the court.

H. L COOK,
Commissioner.

May 14, 1900.

Stoves, - Ranges, Hollow-Ware, Pump Pipe Points.

We have on hand the leading brands of Excelsior Stoves and Ranges, Garland, Elmor, Farm Girl and the Blue Flame Oil Stoves.

PUMPS.

We handle the celebrated Douglass, Pittsburg and Myers' Deep Well Pumps.

Tin, Agate Ware, &c.

Full line of home-made Tin-Ware, Agate and Galvanized Water Coolers, 2 to 10 gallon Ice Cream Freezers, White Mountain, O. K and Arctic, the best on market. Fly Fans and Fly Traps, Table Cutlery, Spoons and Scissors.

Lot of Crockery, Glassware and Lamps still left on hand, which must be sold at some price. Fruit Jars. Jelly Tumblers.

Prices Are Right.

Yours to please,
McMILLAN BROS.
We take old stoves in exchange for new ones.

NOTICE.

Persons holding Bridge Bonds Nos 3, 74, 93 and 94 will call for payment. Interest ceased on May 1st.

J. B. TROY, Treas'r
Cumberland County.

May 11-2td1w

CLARET LIMEADE,

The Best Soda Fountain Drink.

Get it at

KING BROS.,
Druggists,
Hotel LaFayette Building.

PURE, SPARKLING, BUBBLING SODA WATER,
3 degrees only above the freezing point.
NEW AND HANDSOME ONYX APPARATUS,
a veritable feast to the eye and as clean as a new pin.
DELICIOUS SYRUPS,
carefully made and drawn from porcelain jars.
YOU WILL ENJOY the cool breeze from our fan while quaffing refreshing drinks. No wonder they are appreciated.
WE SPARE NO LABOR, no expense to make them popular at
HORNE'S PHARMACY.

FOR SALE.

One Fine Mule,
One Small Horse,
Second-hand Cane Mill,
Two pair Log Cart Wheels.
A. E. RANKIN CO.
May 12-dsam-w2t May 16-d6t

Summer Corsets 35 cents.
Ladies' Vests Infants' Vests and Waists 5, 10, 12½ and 25.
See Our New White Goods.
HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.
Patterns, all kinds in stock.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures

HEALTH AND WEALTH

follow the use of PERFECTION flour. Bread is the great food staple of every home. Bad bread means bad digestion; bad digestion means bad health. Wholesome bread requires pure flour. You can rely on PERFECTION *all the time.* Without exception, the BEST and CHEAPEST flour sold in Fayetteville.

TRIUMPH, made by the same Mill, is the great "STRAIGHT GRADE," and sells at $4.00 a barrel only. It makes no difference if you buy fifty barrels or a 98 lb. sack—the price is the same. Very little profit in it to us, but lots of satisfaction in it to you, if you buy it. It's having a BIG run.

LIVE STOCK FEED of all kinds ALL THE YEAR ROUND at lowest prices. One storehouse and two warehouses full of Staple Goods and Groceries which we are daily offering in large or small lots at rock bottom prices to cash buyers.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
'Phone 56. Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 10 Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

The Fire-Gong Sound

will give you no start if you are insured in one of our rock-ribbed companies that can't be shaken by any possible conflagration. Holders of policies can raise their properties, Phœnix-like, from the ashes. It's trifling with fate to take needless risks. Our premiums for making you secure are the lowest consistent with solidity.

ADMINISTRATORS', GUARDIANS' and other classes of bonds executed on short notice in the United States Fidelity and Guaranty, of Baltimore.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Insurance Agents,
10 Hay st., Fayetteville, N. C.
(Phone 56)

WAGONS.

Just received a car load of the "Old Hickory" Wagons and Carts, all styles and sizes.

We Can Save You Money if You Will Examine Our BUGGIES Before You Purchase.

We make a specialty of nice BUGGY HARNESS, and have a nice lot of Double and Single Wagon Harness, Strap Goods, Bridles and Saddles.

See our Fine WAGON SADDLES.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

1900.

The South Side

Fruit Carriers and Baskets

Petersburg, Va.

Write for Catalogue and Prices.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

It is not my intention to sell my Furniture by large attractive advertisements. I simply drop in an advertisement to remind you that

"The Old Reliable Newberry Furniture House"

is the place to get all kind of new, latest designed Furniture at the very lowest prices. I invite you to call when you are wanting anything in my line, and I feel sure that the prices and quality will sell the goods.

C. B. NEWBERRY.

Walter Watson,
GUNMAKER
and dealer in
FIRE ARMS.

Parker, Colt, Remington, Westley, W. & C. Scott, Richards, Peter Wbly and Premier

Shot Guns and Repeating Rifles.

Colt, Remington, Smith & Wesson, Harrington & Richards and Forehand Arms Co. Revolvers.

Paper and Brass Shot Shells, Pistol and Rifle Cartridges, Loaded Shells, Keystone B. L. Implements, Hunting Coats, Hunting Vests, Leggings, Gun Cases. Belts, Leather and Canvas Cartridge Bags.

Gun and Rifle Powder direct from the Magazine and Shot from the Factory.

Send for catalogue and price-list of the above goods.

WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N C.

Secret of Beauty

is health. The secret of health is the power to digest and assimilate a proper quanity of food. This can never be done when the liver does not act it's part.

Do you know this?

Tutt's Liver Pills are an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, torpid liver, piles, jaundice, bilious fever, biliousness and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Lieutenant McKethan.

A telegram from Lieutenant A. A. McKethan, United States Navy, now en route for the Philippines, announces his arrival in San Francisco. He missed the Solace, but sails on the Coptic today for Hong Kong, thence by steamer to Manila.

Special Rates.

The A. C. L. will sell round trip tickets at the rate of one fare to the Republican National Convention, which meets at Philadelphia June 19th, tickets to be sold June 17th, 18th and 19th, final limit, June 25th.

The A. C. L. will sell round trip tickets at rate of one fare to Charlotte, on account of the 20th of May celebration.

Real Estate Transaction.

Mr. A. E. Dixon, Manager of the Fayetteville Ice Company, Thursday purchased of Mr. Thad Troy, of Durham, the lot adjoining the Ice Works now occupied by stable buildings. Though Mr. Dixon purchased it individually, it will probably be used in connection with the ice plant, and the stables eventually removed.

Well Known Jail Birds.

The two negroes mentioned below are well known to the police of this city, and have spent most of their late years in the county jail.

The Raleigh News and Observer of Friday morning says:

Two negroes, Charlie Walker and Fred Shaw, claiming Fayetteville, N. C., as their home, have been arrested at Doswel, Va., on a charge of robbery. These fellows with another negro named Dickins are supposed to have held up and robbed an old white man last Friday evening, in Henrico county, on the road to Richmond. Shaw is very black, and has a large scar on the right side of his nose, the apparent result of a severe knife cut. Warlker is fairly bright.

Court Notes.

The May term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county adjourned Thursday, and Judge Bryan left immediately afterwards for his home in Newbern.

No cases worth mentioning were tried this morning, the time of the court being occupied with the motion docket.

Mr. Rose, attorney for the Atlantic Coast Line, asked for judgment, in accordance with the recent decision of the Supreme Court, in the case of Wm. Wright Jones vs the W. & W. Railroad Company. The Judge refused the request and the railroad took another appeal to the Supreme Court.

This is a case in which the plaintiff, W. Jones, sued the Atlantic Coast Line for false imprisonment in connection with the rocking of trains near Wade Station and got a verdict for $2.500. The railroad appealed and the Supreme Court sent the case back for a new trial. The railroad contends that the Supreme Court in its opinion in returning the case, makes the defendant blameless, and on this asked that the case be dismissed.

The Judge, as stated above, refused to sign the judgment as tendered by Mr. Rose, but on the record the judgment appears to be signed.

I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge.

Messrs. B. C. Gorham, W. D. Gaster and J. T. Bynum, who have been attending the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows which has been in session in Winston, returned home Friday. The Grand Lodge will meet in Asheville next year.

The following officers were elected:

Grand Master—Marcus W. Jacobi, of Wilmington.

Deputy Grand Master—Robert W. Murray, of Greensboro.

Grand Warden—J. F. Griffith, of Winston.

Grand Secretary—B. H. Woodell, of Raleigh.

Grand Treasurer—R. J. Jones, of Wilmington.

Grand Representative—John A. Stevens, of Clinton.

Grand Marshal—Clarence Sawyer, of Asheville.

Grand Conductor—Theodore B. Winstead, of Elm City.

Grand Guardian—J. J. Hopkins, of Wilmington.

Grand Herald—J. T. Shannonhouse, of Charlotte.

Grand Chaplain—Rev. F. D. Swindell, of Goldsboro.

Cramps, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, diarrhœa, and, indeed, all bowel complaints quickly relieved by PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, a safe, sure and speedy cure, for all the troubles named. Every reputable druggist keeps a supply. Each bottle has full directions. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of the remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures
That is what it was made for.

The Populist Convention.

Chairman Butler of the National committee, attended by Secretary A. J. Edgerton, of Colorado, and George F. Washburne, of Massachusetts, at 2:17 yesterday took his seat at the speaker's desk and called the National Populist convention to order in Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

A large number of the delegates carried tin horns and made their presence manifest by ear splitting toots.

The Nebraska men, by all odds the largest delegation, having all the alternates present, came in carrying flags, and elicited cheers.

Chairman Butler then introduced the Minnehaha Club, who sang a specially written song whose refrain ran:

"The sons of South Dakota will be there, Second day of next November, foul or fair."

As an encore they sang the "Star Spangled Banner."

Governor Lee, of South Dakota, on behalf of his State, welcomed the convention in a vigorous speech.

The allusion to Bryan brought the delegates to their feet in a hurricane of cheers and waving of flags, some enthusiastic delegates climbing on their chairs to voice their approval.

Shipment of Truck.

Our truck farmers are now shipping immense quantities of truck north and are receiving fair prices for their products. Peas, asparagus and strawberries are seen in most profusion.

We learn that Fayetteville truck is winning a reputation at the north and is considered of the very finest quality. Speaking of the movement of truck from that section the Wilmington Messenger of Sunday says:

After an experience of several seasons the movement has become thoroughly systematized under the capable, active and zealous management of Mr. J. J. Crosswell, the popular and resourceful route agent of the Express Company. Since the berry season opened the company has daily run a special train of from six to ten express ventilator cars for the transportation of berries and truck of all kinds to points north and east. The cars are handsome ones, being 60 feet in length and mounted on Pullman trucks.

The "Express special," which the Messenger has dubbed the "Red and Green Train," because it carries strawberries and fresh vegetables of all kinds, leaves Wilmington every morning at 8:10 o'clock, except on Saturdays and along with it goes Route Agent Crosswell to superintend the loading of cars.

The handling of the berries and truck, however, is the most important and one of the most interesting features of the trip. The train carries a crew of fifteen to twenty stalwart colored hands, and with coats off, they leap out at each station, and under the supervision of Mr. Crosswell, they carefully, but very rapidly, load the crates of berries and truck into the cars. This is done amid lots of bustle and noise and at considerable expense to Mr. Crosswell's lungs, as he vociferates the directions to the hands for loading the separate cars for the different markets. Work! Everybody works on that train. Even between stations there is hardly time to blow, for Route Agent Crosswell, full of tireless energy, has his hands busy, shifting and straightening up the packages and making sure that each shipment is in the right car to take it to its destination. The cars are loaded with from 300 to 700 crates each, and one car in particular presented a beautiful picture as one peered in at crates of strawberries, barrels of new Irish potatoes, peas, lettuce, asparagus, beats, onions, cabbage and other produce.

The New State Central Committee.

The Democratic State executive committee met Friday night at 8 o'clock in the Senate chamber, Raleigh, and was in session till midnight.

There were present in person and by proxy twenty eight out of the thirty-six members of the committee. Chairman Simmons presided and Mr. P. M. Pearsall was secretary.

A central committee was chosen, composed of the following members:

Cyrus B. Watson, Winston.
Thomas J. Jarvis, Greenville.
Theodore F. Davidson, Asheville.
James H. Pou, Raleigh.
J. H. Weddington, Charlotte.
E. J. Hale, Fayetteville.
J. S. Carr, Durham.
E. C. Smith, Raleigh.
J. S. Cuningham, Cuningham.
George Warburton, Rockingham.
F. A. Woodard, Wilson.
Cladius E. Foy, Newbern.
James A. Lockhart, Wadesboro.
R. L. Holt, Burlington.
C. C. Lyon, Elizabethtown.
R. J. Brevard, Charlotte.
Frank S. Spruill, Louisburg.
Charles M. Busbee, Raleigh.
W. R. Allen, Goldsboro.
R. R. Cotton, Falkland.
S. S. Holt, Smithfield.
W. B. Rodman, Washington.
O. H. Guion, Newbern.
M. H. Justice, Rutherfordton.
E. F. Lamb, Elizabeth City.
S. A. Ashe, Raleigh.
H. A. London, Pittsboro.
A. W. Haywood, Burlington.
N. B. Broughton, Raleigh.
Dr. I. E. Green, Weldon.
John R. Webster, Reidsville.
William M. Webb, Morehead City.

It was decided to nominate a candidate for judge in the twelfth judicial district, to succeed Norwood. Judge Moore was elected by the Legislature to succeed him, but some question having been raised as to the length of his term by such election, it was deemed best to nominate a candidate to be regularly voted for at this election. Each county in the district will, at its convention, express its choice and the committee will then declare him the nominee of the party. Judge Moore will probably be the man.

Mr. Aycock, the nominee for Governor, was present at the meeting, as was also Messrs. Franklin McNeill and Samuel L. Patterson.

Cleanse the liver, purify the blood, invigorate the body by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. King Bros.

MEMORIAL EXERCISES.

The Eloquent Address of Hon. D. H. McLean—A Large Crowd in Attendance.

The "Observer" gave, in Thursday's edition, the morning programme of Memorial Day, and with no little pleasure we address ourselves to the task of giving the imposing exercises of the afternoon, than which there have hardly been any more impressive and beautiful in all the present history of the Memorial Association.

Capt. A. B. Williams, chief marshal, with his assistants, formed the procession at 4:30 o'clock in front of the Military Academy, making a long line of Confederate Veterans, commanded by Major A. A. McKethan the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, Major J. G. Hollingsworth commanding; the public and private schools, bearing floral offerings, the orator, chaplain and officers of the Association in carriages, Mrs. S. G. Ayer, Mrs. J. J. Crosswell, Mrs. J. B. Smith and Mrs. Ed. Smith occupying the first carriage and a great concourse of people in vehicles and on foot. Conspicuous in the line was the old battle flag of the 51st regiment, borne by Veteran John Buie, of Carver's Creek.

At the cemetery the exercises began with beautiful music from a choir consisting of Mrs. W. G. Hall, organist; Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. E. J. Lilly, Mrs. A. E. Dixon, Mrs. J. A. King, Misses Maggie Pemberton, Georgia Worth, Belle Alderman, Lottie Thornton, Mabel Elliott, Rev. J. L. Yandle, Capt. N. H. McGeachy, Messrs. E. H. Williamson, Bash and H. E. Sheetz. During the services the choir rendered excellent selections at intervals.

After a touching and eloquent prayer by Rev. Isaac W. Hughes, rector of St. John's Church, Mr. J. H. Myrover eloquently introduced the orator of the occasion, Hon. D. H. McLean, whose matchless effort of oratory was only what his admiring friends expected of this gifted speaker, and was received with rapt attention and delight by the vast crowd about the stand. With the decoration of the monument and soldiers' grave, and the firing of the customary volleys over the resting places of the dead, the exercises were brought to a close.

The salute was fired in honor of Cols. McNeill, McKethan, John R. Murchison and Roger Moore. The "Officers' Funeral," which the choir sang with so much effect, had not been heard in this city since the Civil War, when it was sung during the funeral of one of our boys who died on the battlefield and was brought home for burial.

☞Mr. McLean's address will be found in full on the outside of this paper.

Commencement Davidson College, May 27th to 30th, 1900.

SUNDAY, 27th.

11 a. m.—Baccalaureate Sermon, by Rev. J. Rumple, D. D., of Salisbury, N. C.

8 p. m.—Sermon to the Y. M. C. A. by Rev. R. C. Reed, of Columbia, S. C.

MONDAY, 28th.

8 p. m.—Reunion of the Literary Societies, Several addresses.

TUESDAY. 29th.

10:30 a. m.—Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees.

12 m.—Address Before the Literary Societies; by Hon. J. D. Bellamy, of Wilmington, N. C.

5 p. m.—Alumni Banquet.

8 p. m.—Anniversary of the Literary Societies. A Medal Contest.

WEDNESDAY, 30th.

Commencement Day (Changed from Thursday.)

Visitors will inquire for rates on the Southern and on the S. A. L. within North and South Carolina.

J. B. SHEARER,
President.

Iowa Republicans.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 10—The Republican convention today chose delegates-at-large to the Philadelphia convention, endorsed McKinley, mentioning the foreign policy and currency law.

Crops Good.

By cable to the Observer:

Cincinnati, May 10.—Price Current says the crop situation is favored by timely rains and general position maintained in all sections. There is some chinchbug talk in Kansas.

Vesuvius Alright.

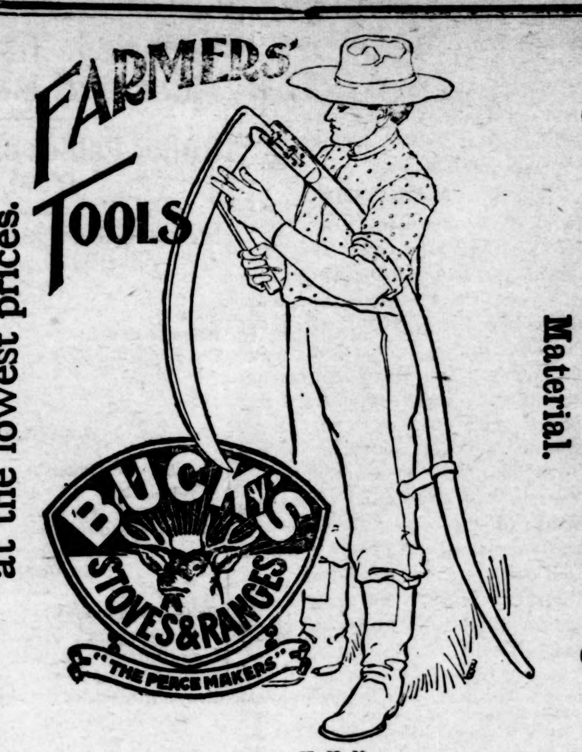
By cable to the Observer.

Portici, Italy, May 10.—The explosion of Vesuvius now infrequent and the volcano is only emitting cinders The eruption is considered terminated

Collision at Sea.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Astoria, Oregon, May 10.—The British ship Argos has arrived here after a collision with the Hawaiian ship Olana in a fog off SanFrancisco. The crew and passengers of the Iolani, which sank, were rescued by the Argos.



We have GRAIN CRADLES, HOES, RAKES, SHOVELS and other Farming Tools at the lowest prices.

Call and See Us and Remember we are Headquarters for ALL Kinds of Building Material.

Contest 1900—H. H. H.

Don't overlook offer we have made on stoves.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE

Wharton Baker Nominated for President.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 10.—Wharton Baker, of Philadelphia, was nominated for President on the second ballot by the middle-of-the-road Populist Convention in session here.

Filipinos Routed with Terrible Loss.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 10.—A report received by the War Department from Gen Wheaton describes the operations in Southern Luzon during the month of January. It tells in graphic manner of several engagements in which the Filipinos were routed with terrible loss.

Will Not Destroy the Mines.

By cable to the Observer.

Berlin, May 10.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Pretoria says that General Botha has informed the Government that he would resign if it were intended to destroy the Johannesburg mines. He said he had no grievance against private property and would only fight a hostile army. Botha was officially informed that it was not intended to destroy the mines.

The St. Louis Strike.

By telegraph to the Observer.

St. Louis, May 11th.—There is no change in the situation except that a few more cars are running under police protection.

Prominent Suicide.

By cable to the Observer.

Edinburg, May 11.—H. H. Morris, manager of the Union Bank of Scotland was found dead this morning at his residence. His head was blown away with a gun. It was apparently suicide, as he had been suffering from influenza.

More Trouble for Turkey.

By cable to the Observer.

Constantinople, May 11th.—Despite the protest presented by the foreign embassies in February, the Porte has presented the new note announcing its decision to introduce Octroidutes Calipoli. This is contrary to the treaty and it it expected the foreign embassadors will refuse to accept the decision.

Little Rock Strike Ended.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Little Rock, May 11.—The strike of the motormen and conductors on the street railway ended at midnight. The men accepted the proposition received from Johnson and reported at the power house in a body this morning fifteen minutes before the time for the cars to start.

Would it Mean War?

By cable to the Observer.

Washington, May 11.—In a speech in the Senate Mr. Lodge said that if Germany acquired the Danish West Indies it would be considered a declaration of war.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. P., Boonville, Ind., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve soothes the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results." Cures piles and skin diseases. Don't buy an imitation. King Bros.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures

To Assassinate Sir Alfred Milner.

By cable to the Observer.

Cape Town, May 11th.—The South African Review asserts that a prominent member of the Afrikander bond, who is also a member of the Cape parliament from the district of Piqutburg, seventy miles from Cape Town, offered a man money to shoot Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of Cape Colony. Affidavits to this effect are now in the hands of the attorney general.

Yesterday in Spain.

By cable to the Observer.

Madrid, May 11.—Yesterday passed off peacefully throughout Spain, except Valencia, despite the anti-tax feeling. A barricade erected in Valencia street behind which a mob stoned the Gendarmes. On endeavoring to dislodge the rioters, the gendarmes were received with rifle shots and two policemen injured. The gendarmes replied with a fusilade and the mob fled.

The Heliograph in War.

Copt. John P. Wisser, in The Engineering Magazine for May.

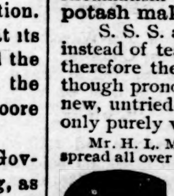
Before the war of 1870-71, optical telegraphy comprised signaling by means of flags by day, and by means of lanterns or torches by night; but in that war the heliograph proved its efficiency. The electric light was at once suggested to make the system independent of sunshine and fair weather, but the difficulty of having it on hand in the field was then too great, so other sources of light (such as improved petroleum lamps), were used. England, however, adhered to the heliograph, and had success in its use in India and in South Africa, in some cases for distances of more than one hundred miles. Ordinarily, however, the heliograph, using as it does the sun's rays as the source of light, is limited to a range of about fifty-five miles; but by means of relay stations it can, of course, be used to much greater distances. However, in the field such relay stations are liable to interruption by the enemy's cavalry, the messages can often be intercepted at certain points by interposing a cloud of smoke made by brush or damp straw, and, finally, the number of repetitions increases the chances of error. The electric-arc light is far more efficient, is independent of the weather and can be used by night as well as by day. By its means the range has been extended to more than four hundred miles. In the Transvaal war the British made use for this purpose of the electric search lights from the ships, and this was, indeed, the only means of communication with the external world relied upon by the besieged garrisons of Ladysmith and Kimberly.

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath, says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and now eats what he likes and as much as he wants, and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. King Bros.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers.



BLOOD POISON.

Mercury AND Potash Make Wrecks, Not Cures

In some cases the external signs of Contagions Blood Poison are so slight that the victim is firmly within the grasp of the monster before the true nature of the disease is known. In other cases the blood is quickly filled with this poisonous virus and the swollen glands, mucus patches in the mouth, sores on scalp, ulcers on tongue, sore throat, eruptions on skin, copper colored splotches, and falling hair and eyebrows leave no room for doubt, as these are all unmistakable signs of Contagious Blood Poison.

Doctors still prescribe mercury and potash as the only cure for Blood Poison. These poisonous minerals never yet made a complete and permanent cure of Contagious Blood Poison. They drive the disease back into the system, cover it up for a while, but it breaks out again in worse form. These powerful minerals produce mercurial rheumatism and the most offensive sores and ulcers, causing the joints to stiffen and finger nails to drop off. **Mercury and potash make wrecks, not cures,** and those who have been dosed with these drugs are never after free from aches and pain.

S. S. S. acts in an entirely different manner, being a purely vegetable remedy; it forces the poison out of the system, and instead of tearing down, builds up and invigorates the general health. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this specific virus, and therefore the only cure for Contagious Blood Poison. No matter in what stage or how hopeless the case may appear, even though pronounced incurable by the doctors, S. S. S. can be relied upon to make a rapid, permanent cure. S. S. S. is not a new, untried remedy; an experience of nearly fifty years has proven it a sure and unfailing cure for this disease. It is the only purely vegetable blood medicine known.

Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J., says: "I was afflicted with a terrible blood disease, which was in spots at first, but afterwards spread all over my body. These soon broke out into sores, and it is easy to imagine the suffering I endured. Before I became convinced that the doctors could do me no good I had spent a hundred dollars, which was really thrown away. I then tried various patent medicines, but they did not reach the disease. When I had finished my first bottle of S. S. S. I was greatly improved, and was delighted with the result. The large, red splotches on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I regained my lost weight, became stronger, and my appetite improved. I was soon entirely well, and my skin as clear as a piece of glass."

SSS

Send for our Home Treatment Book, which contains valuable information about this disease, with complete directions for self treatment. Our medical department is in charge of physicians who have made a life-time study of blood diseases. Don't hesitate to write for any information or advice wanted. We make no charge whatever for this. All correspondence is held in the most sacred confidence. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned, having this day qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Mrs. Emaline Mintz, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against the estate of the said Emaline Mintz to present them to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of April, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

THOS M. HUNTER,
Executor.

Robinson & Shaw, Attorneys.

Valuable Farm Lands For Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered April 25th, 1900, in the special proceedings, entitled D. G. McLellan, Executor of Jerry Dawson, deceased, *versus* R. C. Dawson, Minnie Elliott and Mary Ann Elliot, the undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder for *cash* at the Market House in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., the following lands, situated in Black River township in said county, to-wit:

All the lands owned by the late Jerry Dawson at the time of his death, and as described in his last will and testament, Book of Wills F, page 15 as follows, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying on both sides of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, containing about 130 acres.

Time of sale, Saturday, May 26th, 1900 at 12 noon.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
H. L. COOK,
Commissioners.

Valuable City Real Estate for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, made April 14th, 1900, in the special proceedings entitled W. J. McMillan, guardian of Wm. J. McMillan, Jr., and Lucy McMillan, *ex parte*, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, on

Thursday, May 17th, 1900,

at 12 m, the following valuable real estate, to-wit: The lot of land on Wilmington road known as the "Thomas McDaniel 10 acre lot," adjoining Holt-Williamson cotton factory and others, containing about 9½ acres.

Sale is to be made subject to the confirmation of the Court.

H. L. COOK, Commissioner.

April 14, 1900.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a mortgage deed, executed to me on the 23rd day of February, 1897, by K. E. Barefoot, and duly registered in the Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book A, No. 5, page 6 I shall sell, at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on the

26th day of March, 1900,

the following real property, to-wit;

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Cumberland County, State of North Carolina, in Black River Township, and described and defined as follows:

Beginning at a cypress in the main run of Mingo and runs *N* 6¼ *W* 25 poles and 15 links to a hickory on the side of the path; thence *N* 72 *W* 25 poles to a stake in the path; thence *N* 23 *W* 139 poles to a stake on the west side of Reedy Branch; thence *S* 45 *W* 26 poles to a small black gum in the edge of a small branch; thence South 57 chains and 70 links to a cypress knee in the main run of Mingo; thence up the main run as it meanders to the beginning, containing 100 acres and fully described in said mortgage

This 16th day of February, 1900.

L. E. PARKER; Mortgagee.

James D. Parker, Att'y

The above sale is postponed to

Monday, June 11th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M., by mutual consent. All rights reserved.

JAS. D. PARKER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
ROBINSON & SHAW, Att'ys for Mortg'r.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court. March Term, 1900.

Archie Turner vs. Maggie Turner. } Notice of Summons by Publication.

Maggie Turner, the defendant above named, will take notice that an action entitled Archie Turner *vs.* Maggie Turner has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, for the causes set out in the complaint, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county to be held on the 9th Monday after the first Monday in March, 1900, at the Court House of said county in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint now on file in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This March 26th, 1900.

A. A. McKETHAN,
C. S. C.

Samuel H. MacRae, Att'y for Pl'ff.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court before the Clerk.

D. T. Oates administrator of Chas. Maxwell, deceased, *versus* Theodore Blocker, Edward Blocker, William Blocker, Alex Blocker, Charles Moore, Fred. Moore, Haywood Moore, Ella Moore, Mary Moore, Lula Moore, Mary Gill, Mary McNeill and her husband, —— McNeill, Ella Washington and her husband, —— Washington, and John Gill, the same being the heirs at-law of Charles Maxwell deceased—Service by Publication.

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, by D. T. Oates, administrator, against the heirs-at law of his intestate, Charles Maxwell, in which it is sought to obtain an order to sell land to make assets; and the said defendants, above named, will take further notice that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County on the 19th day of May, 1900 at the Court House in the aforesaid State and County, in Fayetteville, N. C, at 12 o'clock noon, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, which is on file with the Clerk, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this April 3rd, 1900.

A. A. McKETHAN,
Clerk Superior Court.

Samuel H. MacRae, Attorney.

The Very Finest.

The Ne Plus Ultra.

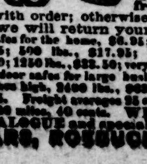
The Creme de la Creme.

That's HARPER whisky in three languages.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price. 25 cents. Sold by



ONLY $5.00

SEND US $5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and we will send you any fire proof safe by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it the equal of any fire proof combination lock iron and steel safe made and about one-third the price charged by others for the same size and grade pay your freight agent our special factory price and freight charges, less the $5.00 sent with order; otherwise return it at our expense and we will return your $5.00. 100-lb. combination lock safes for the home, $6.95; 300-lb. office and store safes $11.95; 500 lbs., $17.95; 700 lbs., $21.95; 1000 lbs. $28.50; 1250 lbs., $33.50; very large double outside and double inside door safes for large business, factory, jewelry or bank 50 inches high, 2400 lbs., $63.75; 63 inches high, 3000 lbs. $89.75. Freight averages 25 cents per 100 lbs. for 500 miles, for 1000 miles, 40 cents. WRITE FOR FREE SAFE CATALOGUE and special liberal C. O. D. offer.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. Chicago

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court, April 7, 1900.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills
vs.
A. A. Harrington, Jr., and wife.
—Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me by a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, entered at February term, 1900, in the above entitled action, I will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Market House in Fayetteville, on

May 19th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock noon, the land hereinafter described in Cumberland county, North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a dead pine on the east side of Buckhead, Burrows corner, then north 61 degrees east fifteen and one-half chains to the old corner; then north sixteen chains; then west two chains and ten links to Simon's corner; then north two degrees, east 51 chains and 75 links; then west 8 chains and 65 links to Johnson's corner; then north 61 degrees east 13 chains and 20 links to Johnson's other corner; then west 41 chains to a stake and pointers, Graddy's corner; then south ten and one-half chains to a stake, J. L. West's corner; then south 17 degrees east ten and one half chains to his corner, on the Factory Road; then as it south 53 degrees west 21 chains to a stake, Strickland's corner; then with his line south 17 degrees east 6 chains and 70 links to Patishall's line, then as it east 2 chains and 85 links to the corner; then with Patishall's line south 2 degrees west twenty and one-half chains to the corner; then west two and one-half chains to Holmes' corner; then south six and one-half chains to Holmes' other corner; then east 5 chains and 24 links to a stake and pointer; then south 6 chains to Phillips' corner; then as his line east 3 chains and 17 links; then south 3 chains and 17 links to Patishall's line; then east 12 chains and 68 links to Robinson's corner; then south 3 chains and 17 links to a stake in the old line; then east fifteen and one-half chains to the beginning, containing 328.3 acres, less one acre sold to the Knights of Labor, two acres sold to J. B. Patishall, two and one-sixth acres sold to N. F. Holmes, four acres sold to Sykes and four acres sold to Grims. [See mortgage recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Cumberland county, North Carolina, in Book L, No. 4, at page 453.]

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville

Time of sale: 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, May 19th, 1900.

Terms of sale: Cash.

S. H. MacRAE,
Commissioner.

Dated April 14, 1960

Notice!

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale in a certain mortgage deed, executed by Neill Monds and wife, Martha Monds, to T. F. Sanders on the 27th day of December, 1890, and duly registered in Book S, No. 4, on page 27 of the records of Cumberland county, I shall sell, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., on

Saturday, 26th Day of May, 1900,

the lands therein described, to-wit:

1st tract of 7 acres as is shown by deed from A. J. Taylor and wife to N. H. Monds of January 15 1885, recorded in Book F, No. 4, page 324, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake and gum pointers in the edge of Mingo in Mond's lower line, runs thence with his line *N* 65 *W* 10 chains to a stake in a line known as the John Adams line; thence nearly west with a small branch to a lightwood stake; thence *S-E* to a red oak; thence up Mingo swamp to the beginning.

2nd tract of 4 acres as is shown by deed from A. J. Tayler and others to Neill Monds of December 10, 1875; recorded in Book F, No. 4, on page 325, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake and pine tree near the fence; thence *S* 37 *E* 16 poles to a hickory; thence *S* 70 *W* 18 poles to the branch; thence the corner of the branch 16 poles to a gum and pointers in the branch; thence *N* 27 *E* to a post oak; thence *E* 25 poles to the beginning.

3rd tract of 6¼ acres as is shown by a deed from James M. Wade to Neill Monds of December 17, 1880, recorded in Book F, No. 4, on page 323, bounded as follows Beginning at a stake in the run of a branch; then up said branch 25 poles to a stake in said branch; then *S* with fence 44 poles to a stake near a spring; then *E* 29 poles to a red oak; then *N* 33 poles to the beginning

4th tract of 1 acre as is shown by a deed from Nancy Taylor and others to Neill Monds of December 13, 1887, recorded in Book F, No. 4, on page 326, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post oak at the lot, Neill Monds' corner, then with said Monds' fence *N* 12¼ poles to a red oak; then *W* 12¼ poles to a stake; then *S* 12¼ poles to a stake in Neill Monds' line; then with his fence line to the beginning. See records of Cumberland county for above references.

This April 21st, 1900.

T. F. SANDERS, Mortgagee.

Cooper & Oates, Att'y's.

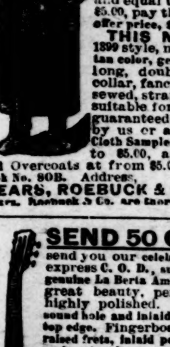
Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

KING BROS.



$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

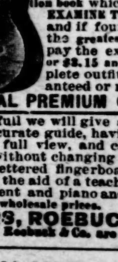
A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.

Send no Money. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your Height and Weight, state number of inches around body at breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C. O. D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent our special offer price, $2.75, and express charges.

THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof tan color, genuine Davis Covert Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams, suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.00 to $10.00, write for Free Book No. 80B. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)



SEND 50 CENTS to us with this ad. and we will send you our celebrated LA BERTA GUITAR by express C. O. D., subject to examination. It is a genuine La Berta American made instrument of great beauty, perfect rosewood finish, very highly polished. Handsomely inlaid around sound hole and inlaid stripe in back, celluloid bound top edge. Fingerboard accurately fretted with raised frets, inlaid pearl position dots, American made patent head, and finest nickel plated tailpiece. A REGULAR $8.00 GUITAR, powerful and sweet toned, furnished complete with an extra set of best quality steel strings and a valuable instruction book which teaches anyone how to play. EXAMINE THE GUITAR at your express office and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of pay the express agent $3.65 less 50c, or $3.15 and express charges and the complete outfit is yours. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by $3.65 cash in full we will give a Lettered Fingerboard Chart. It is an accurate guide, having all notes, with sharps and flats in full view, and can be easily adjusted to any guitar without changing the instrument. With the use of the lettered fingerboard anyone can learn to play without the aid of a teacher. Write for free musical instrument and piano and organ catalogue. Everything at lowest wholesale prices. Address,

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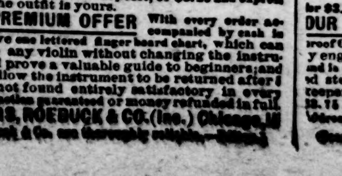
SEND 50 CENTS



to us with this ad. and we will send you this violin outfit by express C.O.D., subject to examination. The violin is a GENUINE STRADIVARIUS MODEL, made of old wood, curly maple back and sides, top of seasoned pine, specially selected for violins, edges inlaid with purfling, best quality ebony finished trimmings. THIS IS A REGULAR $8.00 VIOLIN beautifully finished, highly polished, with wonderful tone quality. Complete with a genuine Brazil wood Tourte model bow, 1 extra set of strings, a neat well made violin case, large piece of rosin, and one of the most complete self instruction books published. YOU CAN EXAMINE IT at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $3.75 less the 50 cent deposit, or $3.25 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER With every order accompanied by cash in full we will give one lettered finger board chart, which can be adjusted to any violin without changing the instrument, and will prove a valuable guide to beginners; and we will also allow the instrument to be returned after 5 days' trial if not found entirely satisfactory in every respect. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

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Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road

AND BRANCHES

AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Nov. 19, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 00	10 04	5 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	10 25	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55				
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	12 19			
Ar Florence	7 25	2 34			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78, Daily.	No. 102, D'ly ex. Sunday,	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily,	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmington 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9.20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a. m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 10.50. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 p. m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:35 P. M., Halifax 4:15 P. M. arrive Scotland Neck at 5:08 P. M., Greenville 6:57 P. M., Kinston 7:55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A. M., Greenville 8:52 A. M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A. M., Weldon 11:33 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday at 5:30 P. M., Sunday, 4:15 P. M., arrives Plymouth 7:40 P. M., 6:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A. M., and Sunday 9.00 A. M., arrives Tarboro 10:05 A. M., 11:00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8:10 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A. M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 A. M., 3:40 P. M., arrive Nashville 10:10 A. M., 4:03 P. M., Spring Hope 10:40 A. M., 4:55 P. M. Returning, leave Spring Hope 11:00 A. M., 4:55 P. M., Nashville 11:22 A. M., 5:25 P. M., arrive Rocky Mount 11:45 A. M., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 A. M., and 4:15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:00 A. M., and 2:50 P. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

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Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
—AND—
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

SAGINAW..................Saturday, May 19

FROM WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA..................Saturday, May 19

FROM WILMINGTON for GEORGETOWN.

ONEIDA..................Tuesday May 15
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Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager,
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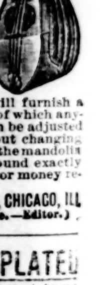
W. P. CLYDE & Co, General Agents.
Bowling Green N. Y.

SEND 50 CENTS to us with this ad. and we will send you OUR GENUINE OSGOOD MANDOLIN by express, C. O. D. subject to examination.



THIS IS A REGULAR $10.00 MANDOLIN, made of 13 ribs of genuine mahogany, with handsome colored strips laid between, has rosewood finished cap, celluloid bound edges, rosewood fingerboard, inlaid pearl position dots, American patent head, beautiful inlaying around sound hole, latest patent nickel plated sleeve protecting tailpiece, extra set of strings, 1 tortoise shell pick, and a book of Guckert's Chords, which teaches anyone to play. Examine this mandolin at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $4.65, less the 50c deposit, or $4.15 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by cash in full, we will furnish a lettered fingerboard chart, with the aid of which anyone can easily locate the notes. Chart can be adjusted on the fingerboard of any mandolin without changing the instrument in the least. We will allow the mandolin to be returned after 5 days' trial if not found exactly as represented. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.), CHICAGO, ILL

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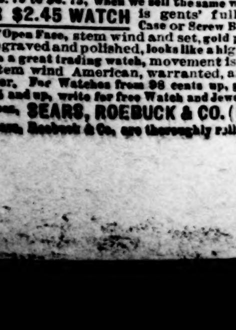

$2.45 GOLD PLATED

Cut this ad. out and send to us SEND NO MONEY and we will send you this watch by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and in every way equal to watches that are being advertised at $3.75 to $6.75 under such misleading descriptions as Elgin Style, American Style, Gold Filled or Look Like $20.00 to $30.00 Gold Filled Watches, etc. If you find it the equal or better than any of these watches, pay the express agent OUR PRICE, $2.45 and express charges.

Don't be Deceived by catchy advertisements which would lead you to believe you could get a $25.00 or $50.00 watch for $3.75 to $6.75, when we sell the same watch for $2.45. **OUR $2.45 WATCH** is gents' full 18-size Hunting Case or Screw Back and Bezel dust proof Open Face, stem wind and set, gold plated, handsomely engraved and polished, looks like a high-grade gold filled and is a great trading watch, movement is a nickel 7-jewel, stem wind American, warranted, and a good timekeeper. For Watches from 98 cents up, gold-filled watches $3.75 and up, write for free Watch and Jewelry Catalogue. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)